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August 31, 2000

Attorney Docket No. 07785.0004

Box PATENT APPLICATION Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, DC 20231

Re: New U.S. Patent Application

Title: APPARATUS AND METHODS FOR PROCESSING MAILPIECE INFORMATION BY AN IDENTIFICATION

CODE SERVER

Inventors: Oscar L. Avant, Bruce A. Brandt, Jay D. Fadely,

and Michael R. Little

Our Reference Number: 07785.0004-00000

Sir:

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PO ALTO

We enclose the following papers for filing in the United States Patent and Trademark Office in connection with the above-referenced patent application.

- 1. Application 109 pages, including 44 independent claims and 262 claims total.
- 2. Drawings 35 sheets of informal drawings (Figs. 1 26).
- 3. A check for \$8,244.00 representing a \$690.00 filing fee, and \$7,554.00 for additional claims.

Please accord this application a serial number and filing date.

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Assistant Commissioner for Patents August 31, 2000 Page 2

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional filing fees due and any other fees due under 37 C.F.R. § 1.16 or § 1.17 during the pendency of this application to our Deposit Account No. 06-0916.

Respectfully submitted,

FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.

Lionel M. Lavenue

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LML:EHA:laf Enclosures

UNITED STATES

PATENT APPLICATION

of

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and

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for

APPARATUS AND METHODS FOR PROCESSING

MAILPIECE INFORMATION

BY AN IDENTIFICATION CODE SERVER

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I. Related Applications

This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 60/152,194, filed August 31, 1999, which is herein incorporated by reference.

II. Background of the Invention

A. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to apparatus and methods for identifying and processing mail. More particularly, the present invention relates to apparatus and methods for using an identification code on a mailpiece as a redundant source of identification for identifying and processing the mailpiece in a mail sorting system.

B. Description of the Related Art

Conventional systems for identifying and processing (e.g., sorting) mail require both human and mechanical operations. Human operations are initially required to load the mail from a mail delivery repository into a mechanical identification and processing system. Mechanical operations then attempt to identify the delivery address for each mailpiece and, if successful, to then process each mailpiece based on the delivery address. Processing a mailpiece can be, for example, sorting the mailpiece. If there is a failure to identify the delivery address of a mailpiece mechanically, human operators are required again to identify the delivery address. Likewise, if there is a failure to process the mailpiece based on the delivery address, human operators are also required again to process the mailpiece. Therefore, conventional systems for

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identifying and processing mail are dependent upon human operators, if the mechanical systems are unable to identify or process a mailpiece.

To identify mail with the conventional systems, mail is loaded into a mechanical identification system, which automatically feeds each mailpiece into an optical character reader (OCR) machine. The OCR machine then attempts to "electronically read" the delivery address from the mailpiece in order to place the delivery address in a computer. If the OCR machine cannot read the delivery address (e.g., the ZIP code), the mechanical device rejects the mailpiece. The rejected mailpiece may then be fed into another mechanical device, which presents the mailpiece to a human operator, who "physically reads" the delivery address off the mailpiece and key punches the delivery address into a computer. Once the delivery address has been either electronically or physically read and placed into a computer, the computer prints the delivery address on the mailpiece, using a special code (e.g., a bar code, such as, a POSTNET code).

To process mail with the conventional systems, mail is loaded into a mechanical processing system, which automatically sorts each mailpiece by the destination address. The majority of conventional mechanical processing systems sort each mailpiece based on a special code, such as, a ZIP code or a bar code (i.e., a POSTNET code). These mechanical processing systems may contain an OCR machine, which can read and sort a mailpiece based on the ZIP code. These mechanical processing systems may also contain a Bar Code Sorter, which can read

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and sort a mailpiece based on the POSTNET code. If the mechanical processing system cannot read either the ZIP code or the POSTNET code, the system rejects the mailpiece. The rejected mailpiece may then be processed by a human operator. The human operator may then determine why the mechanical processing system rejected the mailpiece, solve the problem (e.g., determine the ZIP code or reaffix the POSTNET code to the mailpiece), and then reload the mailpiece into the mechanical processing system for processing.

To improve upon these conventional systems for identifying and processing mail, the United States Postal Service developed an automated sorting system, described in U.S. Patent No. 4,992,649 (the '649 patent), which is herein incorporated by reference. One embodiment of the system disclosed in the '649 patent is a Remote Bar Code System (RBCS). The embodiment of the RBCS described in the '649 patent provides for the electronic sorting of mail using a bar code that is placed on the front of each mailpiece, known as the POSTNET code, and another bar code that is placed on the back of each mailpiece, known as the ITEM code.

In the RBCS, the POSTNET code corresponds to the delivery address for the mailpiece, and the ITEM code corresponds to the mailpiece itself (i.e., the ITEM code is a means to "identify" each particular mailpiece). The POSTNET code represents a copy of the ZIP code in bar code format, and the POSTNET code can be used to route a mailpiece, if the ZIP code cannot be read. The ITEM code represents a unique code in bar code format, and the ITEM code can be used to identify each particular

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mailpiece, if the RBCS cannot otherwise identify the mailpiece. For example, in the RBCS, the ITEM code can be linked to an electronic image of the mailpiece taken at the time the mailpiece is marked with the ITEM code by the RBCS. So, if the RBCS cannot identify a mailpiece, the RBCS can recall the electronic image of the mailpiece, which contains a destination address, including the POSTNET code.

The identification and processing of mail in the RBCS is dependent upon the use of either the POSTNET code or the ITEM code. When each mailpiece is identified by the RBCS, the ITEM code is first stored temporarily until the mailpiece receives the POSTNET code and has been processed by the RBCS. If the POSTNET code becomes illegible during processing, the ITEM code may be used to obtain the POSTNET code. The ITEM code is used to store a copy of the POSTNET code in a short-term memory until the RBCS has processed the mailpiece based on the POSTNET code. However, once the mailpiece has been processed and sorted based on the POSTNET code, the RBCS can no longer access the ITEM code, because the RBCS cannot store the ITEM code locally or transmit the ITEM code to other RBCS sites.

As a result, a number of problems can arise if the POSTNET code cannot be read by the RBCS. For instance, the POSTNET code on a mailpiece might be illegible as soon as it is applied due to the color or pattern of the mailpiece. If so, the mailpiece may be fed into a letter mail labeling machine that applies a white label to cover the illegible POSTNET code, and then, the mailpiece may be again fed into the RBCS

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system for identification (and printing of a new POSTNET code on the white label). Additionally, the POSTNET code might be legible when applied, but become illegible during subsequent processing of the mailpiece. Because the ITEM code is only stored until the completion of the initial processing, the RBCS cannot use the ITEM code to identify the POSTNET code during subsequent processing and sorting. Therefore, if the POSTNET code becomes illegible during subsequent processing, the mailpiece can no longer be sorted automatically by the RBCS. These problems with the RBCS result in severe disadvantages, including diminishing the efficiency of the systems for identifying and processing mail and requiring excessive human intervention.

As indicated above, there are a number of shortcomings incumbent with these conventional systems for identifying and processing mail. It is therefore desirable to overcome these shortcomings by developing apparatus and methods to identify and process mail when the ZIP code is illegible. It is also desirable to overcome these shortcomings by developing apparatus and methods to identify and process mail when the POSTNET code is illegible. It is further desirable to overcome these shortcomings by developing apparatus and methods to identify and process mail when the ITEM code is illegible. It is still further desirable to overcome these shortcomings by developing apparatus and methods to establish a redundant identification code, which may be globally used by a system for identifying and processing mail. It is additionally desirable to overcome these shortcomings by developing apparatus and methods to read an identification code by a system for identifying and processing mail. It is still additionally

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desirable to overcome these shortcomings by developing apparatus and methods to identify and process mail where a redundant identification code is used with a global system for identifying and processing mail, where one or more the nodes of the system are connected via hardware or software.

III. Summary of the Invention

Apparatus and methods consistent with the present invention overcome the shortcomings of the conventional systems by using an identification code on the back of each mailpiece as a redundant source of identification for identifying and processing mail in a mail sorting system.

Apparatus and methods consistent with the present invention process mailpiece information using a primary identification code server. The primary identification code server receives an identification file containing an identification code and a postal code corresponding to a mailpiece. The primary identification code server then resolves mailpiece information for a mail processing device, using the identification file. The primary identification code server may update a secondary identification code server using the identification file so that the secondary identification code server can resolve mailpiece information for a mail processing device, using the identification file.

Additional objects and advantages of the invention will be set forth in part in the description which follows, and in part will be obvious from the description, or may be learned by practice of the invention. The objects and advantages of the invention will

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be realized and attained by means of the elements and combinations particularly pointed out in the appended claims.

It is to be understood that both the foregoing general description and the following detailed description are exemplary and explanatory only and are not restrictive of the invention, as claimed.

IV. <u>Brief Description of the Drawings</u>

The accompanying drawings, which are incorporated in and constitute a part of this specification, illustrate several embodiments of the invention and, together with the description, serve to explain the principles of the invention.

In the drawings:

Figure 1 illustrates a simplified overview of the initial components or steps in apparatus or methods for identifying and processing a mailpiece consistent with the present invention;

Figures 2A and 2B illustrate embodiments of a mailpiece, consistent with apparatus or methods for identifying and processing mail consistent with one embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 3 shows an embodiment of an ID Tag in greater detail, as shown in Figure 2B;

Figure 4A depicts a simplified overview of a mailpiece as it enters a Post Office in a Remote Bar Code System (RBCS);

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Figure 4B depicts a simplified overview of a mailpiece as it enters a Post Office in an Identification Code Sorting (ICS) system;

Figure 5 shows one embodiment of a Remote Bar Code System (RBCS), as shown in Figure 2A and 4A;

Figure 6A shows one embodiment of an Identification Code Sorting (ICS) system, as shown in Figures 2A and 4B;

Figure 6B shows an alternative embodiment of an Identification Code Sorting (ICS) system, as shown in Figures 2A and 4B;

Figure 7 is a detailed view of one embodiment of the section of an ICS system in which a mailpiece image (including an ID Tag) is processed to determine a POSTNET code (or ZIP code) corresponding to the destination address of a mailpiece, as shown in Figure 6A;

Figure 8 is a block diagram of one embodiment of an Image Control Unit (ICU) in greater detail;

Figure 9 is a block diagram of one embodiment of a Remote Computer Reader (RCR) in greater detail;

Figure 10 is a block diagram of one embodiment of an Image Buffer in greater detail:

Figure 11 is a block diagram of one embodiment of a Keying Site in greater detail;

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Figure 12 is a block diagram of one embodiment of a Primary Identification Code Server/Secondary Identification Code Server (PICS/SICS) system, as shown in Figures 6A and 6B;

Figure 13 is a block diagram of one embodiment of a Primary Identification Code Server (PICS), as shown in Figure 12;

Figure 14 shows one embodiment of how a PICS functions, as shown in Figure 13:

Figure 15 is a block diagram of one embodiment of a Secondary Identification Code Server (SICS), as shown in Figure 14;

Figure 15A is a diagram of one embodiment of a plurality of Primary Identification Code Servers operating in national mode;

Figure 15B illustrates one embodiment of a process by which the sharing of mailpiece identification files takes place in national mode, as shown in Figure 15A;

Figure 16 depicts one embodiment of a PICS/SICS system incorporating Common Sorter Software;

Figure 17 is a block diagram of one embodiment of a Bar Code Sorter (BCS) system using Common Sorter Software to connect to a PICS;

Figure 18 illustrates various embodiments of Bar Code Sorters using Common Sorter Software to connect to a PICS/SICS such as the BCS systems shown in Figure 17;

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Figures 19A-19C illustrate one embodiment for a process used by one embodiment of Common Sorter Software during the identification and processing of a mailpiece by any of the Bar Code Sorters (BCS), such as those shown in Figure 18;

Figure 20 is a block diagram of a Bar Code Sorter (BCS) consistent with one embodiment of the present invention, for example, as used by a RBCS, which includes, for example, an RBCS ID Tag Reader;

Figure 21 is a block diagram of a Bar Code Sorter (BCS) consistent with one embodiment of the present invention, for example, as used by an ICS system, which includes, for example, a Universal ID Tag Reader;

Figure 22 is a block diagram of one embodiment of a Universal ID Tag Reader (UIDTR);

Figure 23 illustrates one embodiment of a UIDTR in greater detail, as shown in Figure 22;

Figures 24A-24D illustrate the operation of one embodiment of a UIDTR while processing a mailpiece, according to one embodiment of the invention;

Figure 25 shows optional components of an embodiment of a UIDTR such as the UIDTR in Figure 22; and

Figure 26 shows still additional optional components of another embodiment of a UIDTR, such as the UIDTR in Figure 22.

V. <u>Detailed Description</u>

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Α. Introduction

Apparatus and methods consistent with the present invention provide for identifying and processing mail using an identification code on a mailpiece as a redundant source of identification information in a mail sorting system. In one embodiment, this information is stored in a temporary database and used for the identification and processing of mail in a Remote Bar Code System (RBCS). In this embodiment, the identification code enables the automation of mail sorting and other processing tasks, reducing costs and delays in mail delivery services. In another embodiment, the identification and processing of mail occurs in an Identification Code Sorting (ICS) system. In this embodiment, a long-term database allows for mail sorting and other processing tasks on a national or global level.

Reference will now be made in detail to various embodiments of the invention, examples of which are illustrated in the accompanying drawings. Other embodiments of the invention will be apparent to those skilled in the art from consideration of the specification and practice of the invention disclosed herein. It is intended that the specification and examples be considered as exemplary only, with a true scope and spirit of the invention being indicated by the appended claims.

B. Overview of a System for Identifying and Processing Mail

Figure 1 illustrates a simplified overview of the initial components or steps in apparatus or methods for identifying and processing a mailpiece consistent with the present invention. In Figure 1, a mailpiece 100 is delivered by a postal customer 102 to

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a Post Office 104. Mailpiece 100 can be, for example, a letter or a package that postal customer 102 wishes to send to a destination address. To do so, postal customer 102 marks mailpiece 100 with a destination address and delivers it to Post Office 104. Post Office 104 can be a United States Postal Service (USPS) Post Office, a USPS mailbox, or any other facility or location capable of receiving a mailpiece or other item for delivery to a destination address using a system for identifying and processing mail.

POSTNET Code

Figures 2A and 2B illustrate embodiments of a mailpiece, consistent with apparatus or methods for identifying and processing mail consistent with one embodiment of the present invention. As shown in Figure 2A, mailpiece 100 contains two sources of delivery information, a destination address 200 and a POSTNET code 202 corresponding to destination address 200. For example, POSTNET code 202 can correspond to the ZIP code portion of destination address 200. POSTNET code 202 can be placed on mailpiece 100 by postal customer 102 or by the USPS at a processing center, e.g., Post Office 104. In systems consistent with apparatus or methods for identifying and processing mail consistent with one embodiment of the present invention, POSTNET code 202 can be read and used to route mailpiece 100 to a delivery facility, such as a Post Office, corresponding to destination address 200 for the delivery information. Therefore, if destination address 200 is illegible, POSTNET code 202 provides an alternative source of delivery information.

2. Identification Tag (ID Tag)

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As shown in Figure 2B, in one embodiment, mailpiece 100 includes an identification code 204, also known as an identification tag (ID Tag), which is unique to mailpiece 100. ID Tag 204 provides an alternative source of delivery information in one embodiment of systems using apparatus or methods for identifying and processing mail consistent with the present invention. ID Tag 204 is printed on the back of mailpiece 100 and represents a unique identification source for identifying mailpiece 100. ID Tag 204 may be printed on mailpiece 100 in fluorescent ink. As described below, in one embodiment of systems consistent with the present invention, ID Tag 204 is used as a redundant source of identification throughout all phases of a mail identification and processing system.

Figure 3 shows an embodiment of an ID Tag in greater detail, as shown in Figure 2B. In this embodiment of the present invention, ID Tag 204 is represented by ID Tag bar code 300. ID Tag bar code 300 can contain bars and spaces indicating various information about mailpiece 100, including class of mail 304, origin optical character reader (OCR) number 306, day of the month 308, time of day 310, and mailpiece sequence number 312. Class of mail code 304 can be represented by a single bit, representing either a 0 or a 1 to indicate mail classification. Origin OCR number 306 can be a series of 14 bits representing a machine ID number between 1 and 3,999. Day of month code 308 can be a series of 7 bits representing a day of the month between 1 and 31. Time of day code 310 can be a series of 7 bits representing a time of day, measured in half hour increments, between 0 and 47. Mailpiece sequence

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number 312 can be a series of 18 bits representing a mailpiece sequence order from 1 to 25,000. In addition, ID Tag bar code 300 representing ID Tag 204 also contains a start code (such as a start bit) and a stop code (such as a stop bit). In ID Tag bar code 300, start code 302 is represented by a single bit and stop code 314 is represented by two bits. In one embodiment of systems consistent with the present invention, the combination of information represented in ID Tag bar code 300 uniquely identifies mailpiece 100. However, ID Tag 204 may be represented by formats other than ID Tag bar code 300.

- C. Overview of Code-Based Systems for Identification and Processing Mail
 - 1. Overview of RBCS

Figure 4A depicts a simplified overview of a mailpiece as it enters a Post Office in a Remote Bar Code System (RBCS). As shown in Figure 4A, mailpiece 100 enters a RBCS 500 for identification and processing to a destination address. In RBCS 500, mailpiece 100 can be identified by POSTNET code 202, which represents the ZIP code of the destination address, or ID Tag 204, which is stored temporarily within RBCS 500 during the initial identification and processing, as an identification code. RBCS 500 actually applies both POSTNET code 202 and ID Tag 204 to mailpiece 100. RBCS 500 first marks mailpiece 100 with ID Tag 204, and then RBCS 500 marks mailpiece 100 with POSTNET code 202. Then, after mailpiece 100 has been marked with POSTNET code 202 by RBCS 500, mailpiece 100 is then sorted in RBCS 500 based on POSTNET code 202, provided POSTNET code 202 is legible.

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In RBCS 500, if POSTNET code 202 is not legible, RBCS 500 may use a special machine or a manual process to identify and process mailpiece 100 to a destination address. To use the special machine (described in detail herein), RBCS 500 may identify and process mailpiece 100 based on ID Tag 204. If ID Tag 204 is legible to this special machine, RBCS 500 can obtain POSTNET code 202 from a temporary database and thereby identify and continue to process mailpiece 100 to the destination address. Specifically, if this occurs, RBCS 500 reapplies POSTNET code 202 to mailpiece 100 and then again attempts to identify and process mailpiece 100 to the destination address. Notably, once mailpiece 100 leaves RBCS 500, ID Tag 204 is no longer stored within RBCS 500. Therefore, once mailpiece 100 has been marked with POSTNET code 202 (and has been verified by RBCS 500), ID Tag 204 can no longer be used to identify mailpiece 100.

2. Overview of ICS

Figure 4B depicts a simplified overview of a mailpiece as it enters a Post Office in an Identification Code Sorting (ICS) system. As shown in Figure 4B, mailpiece 100 enters an ICS system 600 for identification and processing to a destination address, like mailpiece 100 enters RBCS 500. In addition, in ICS system 600, mailpiece 100 can be identified by POSTNET code 202 and ID Tag 204, and ICS system 600 applies both POSTNET code 202 and ID Tag 204 to mailpiece 100. And, mailpiece 100 is also sorted by ICS system 600 based on POSTNET code 202, once ICS system 600 has marked mailpiece 100 with POSTNET code 202. However, in contrast to RBCS 500, ID

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Tag 204 can be used in ICS system 600 at any time during the processing of mailpiece 100 from Post Office 104 to the destination address.

Consistent with one embodiment of the present invention, ICS system 600 utilizes computer hardware and software to maintain a long-term database for a plurality of ID Tags 204. In ICS system 600, if POSTNET code 202 becomes illegible, ID Tag 204 provides a source by which mailpiece 100 can be automatically identified and processed in ICS system 600 throughout the entire mail identification and processing system, whereby ICS system 600 references a long-term database stored within ICS system 600. In addition, ICS system 600 also enables many advanced processing capabilities based on ID Tag 204, including, for example, redundant ZIP code confirmation.

Detailed Description of RBCS

Figure 5 shows one embodiment of a Remote Bar Code System (RBCS), as shown in Figure 2A and 4A. When mailpiece 100 with destination address 200 enters Post Office 104 using RBCS 500, as shown in Figures 2A and 4A, processing begins at an Input Subsystem (ISS) 502. A piece of equipment at ISS 502, such as a MultiLine Optical Character Reader Input Subsystem, sprays (i.e., prints) ID Tag 204 onto the back of mailpiece 100 using, for example, fluorescent ink. ISS 502 also takes an image of mailpiece 100 (e.g., a digital image) and attempts to resolve the ZIP code portion of destination address 200, that is, ISS 502 attempts to determine POSTNET code 202 in sufficient detail to enable delivery of mailpiece 100 to destination address 200.

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Sufficient detail may be, for example, a ZIP code with 5, 9, or 11 digits. If ISS 502 successfully resolves the ZIP code portion of destination address 200, ISS 502 then also sprays POSTNET code 202 corresponding to destination address 200 onto the front of mailpiece 100, for example, using nonfluorescent ink. Once RBCS 500 has affixed ID Tag 204 and POSTNET code 202 to mailpiece 100, ISS 502 then sends the POSTNET code information from POSTNET code 202 and the ID Tag information from ID Tag 204 to Image Control Unit (ICU) 508, where the POSTNET code information from POSTNET code 202 and the ID Tag information from POSTNET code 202 and the ID Tag information from POSTNET code 202 and the ID Tag information from ID Tag 204 is stored in Decision Storage Unit (DSU) 514.

If ISS 502 can resolve the ZIP code from destination address 200, and obtain POSTNET code 202 on mailpiece 100, ISS 502 then verifies POSTNET code 202 to confirm that POSTNET code 202 is legible. POSTNET code 202 may not be legible and may result in a verify error, if, for instance, mailpiece 100 is a color other than white or has a pattern that obscures POSTNET code 202. If ISS 502 cannot verify POSTNET code 202, mailpiece 100 is sent to an Output Subsystem 504 and marked for processing by a Letter Mail Labeling Machine (LMLM) 506. At LMLM 506, a white label is applied over the illegible POSTNET code, and mailpiece 100 is manually fed into OSS 504. The white label creates a clear area on mailpiece 100, and RBCS 500 then reapplies POSTNET code 202 onto the while label on mailpiece 100. OSS 504 then verifies POSTNET code 202 to confirm that POSTNET code 202 is legible. Once POSTNET code 202 is verified, ID Tag 204 has no further use.

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If ISS 502 cannot resolve the ZIP code from destination address 200, then the mailpiece image, including ID Tag 204, is sent from ISS 502 to an Image Control Unit (ICU) 508. ICU 508 receives delivery address data from a Central Database 510 and forwards the data along with the mailpiece image, including ID Tag 204, to a Remote Computer Reader (RCR) 512. This delivery address data may include ZIP code data, POSTNET data, or temporary ID Tag files, as described in more detail herein. RCR 512 first attempts to use the data from the central database to automatically resolve the ZIP code corresponding to mailpiece 100. For example, RCR 512 uses ID Tag 204 to determine if there is a temporary file on mailpiece 100 in RBCS 500, which contains the ZIP code data. If RCR 512 is successful, it returns the ZIP code data to ICU 508, where the data is stored in a Decision Storage Unit (DSU) 514. If RCR 512 does not successfully resolve the ZIP code corresponding to mailpiece 100, the mailpiece image, including ID Tag 204, is sent from ICU 508 to a Keying Site 516, where a human operator views the mailpiece image and keys in the ZIP code data, which is returned to ICU 508 and stored in DSU 514. Therefore, in RBCS 500, regardless whether RCR 512 or Keying Site 516 resolves the ZIP code data, the ZIP code data, in the form of POSTNET code 202, is linked to ID Tag 204. All of this information, which is identified by ID Tag 204, is temporarily stored in DSU 514.

If ISS 502 cannot resolve the ZIP code from destination address 200, and while the mailpiece image is processed by ICU 508, mailpiece 100 is routed from ISS 502 to an Output Subsystem (OSS) 504. A Bar Code Sorter at OSS 504 reads ID Tag 204

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from mailpiece 100 and transmits a lookup request to DSU 514. Once the ZIP code has been resolved for mailpiece 100, DSU 514 then retrieves and returns the ZIP code corresponding to ID Tag 204 to OSS 504, and OSS 504 then applies POSTNET code 202 to mailpiece 100, if necessary. OSS 504 then verifies POSTNET code 202 to confirm that POSTNET code 202 is legible. If OSS 504 cannot verify POSTNET code 202, mailpiece 100 is sent to LMLM 506 for manual processing as described above. OSS 504 then re-sprays and verifies POSTNET code 202 to confirm that POSTNET code 202 is legible. Once POSTNET code 202 is verified, ID Tag 204 has no further use and is no longer stored in RBCS 500.

After mailpiece 100 is processed by ISS 502 and OSS 504, initial mail processing of mailpiece 100 by RBCS 500 is complete at Post Office 104. If destination address 200 of mailpiece 100 indicates that mailpiece 100 is local mail, then RBCS 500 directs mailpiece 100 to mail carriers 518. However, if destination address 200 indicates that mailpiece 100 is not local mail, then RBCS 500 dispatches mailpiece 100 via one or more modes of transportation 520 to remote delivery sites 522.

4. Detailed Description of ICS

Figure 6A shows one embodiment of an Identification Code Sorting (ICS) system, as shown in Figures 2A and 4B. When mailpiece 100 enters Post Office 104 using ICS system 600, as shown in Figures 2A and 4B, processing begins at an ISS 602. A piece of equipment at ISS 602, such as a MultiLine Optical Character Reader Input Subsystem, sprays ID Tag 204 onto the back of mailpiece 100, for example, using

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fluorescent ink. ISS 602 also takes an image (e.g., a digital image) of mailpiece 100 and attempts to resolve the ZIP code portion of destination address 200. If ISS 602 successfully resolves the ZIP code portion of destination address 200, ISS 602 then sprays POSTNET code 202 corresponding to destination address 200 onto the front of mailpiece 100, for example, using nonfluorescent ink. Once ICS system 600 has affixed ID Tag 204 and POSTNET code 202 to mailpiece 100, ISS 602 then sends the POSTNET code information from POSTNET code 202 and ID Tag information from ID Tag 204 to ICU 608, where the POSTNET code information from POSTNET code 202 and the ID Tag information from ID Tag 204 is stored in DSU 614 and ICS Buffer 616.

If ISS 602 can resolve the ZIP code from destination address 200 and obtain POSTNET code 202 on mailpiece 100, ISS 602 then verifies POSTNET code 202. This may result in a verify error if, for instance, mailpiece 100 is a color other than white or has a pattern that obscures POSTNET code 202. If ISS 602 cannot verify POSTNET code 202, mailpiece 100 is sent to an Output Subsystem (OSS) 604. OSS 604 determines whether mailpiece 100 is bound for an ICS-enabled destination. If mailpiece 100 is bound for an ICS-enabled destination, then mailpiece 100 stays within ICS system 600 and does not require initial manual intervention. Therefore, in contrast to RBCS 500, a letter mail labeling machine is not necessary in ICS system 600. However, if mailpiece 100 is not bound for an ICS-enabled destination, then mailpiece 100 is processed as in RBCS 500, as described above.

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If ISS 602 cannot verify POSTNET code 202, ISS 602 may attempt to resolve the ZIP code from destination address 200 on mailpiece 100. If ISS 602 cannot resolve the ZIP code from destination address 200, then the mailpiece image, including ID Tag 204, is sent from ISS 602 to an Image Control Unit (ICU) 608. ICU 608 receives delivery address data from a Central Database 610 and forwards the data along with the mailpiece image, including ID Tag 204, to a Remote Computer Reader (RCR) 612. This delivery address data may include ZIP code data, POSTNET data, and/or ID Tag files, as described in more detail herein. RCR 612 first attempts to use the data from the central database to automatically resolve the ZIP code corresponding to mailpiece 100. For example, RCR 612 uses ID Tag 204 to determine if there is a file on mailpiece 100 in ICS system 600, which contains the ZIP code data. There should be a file for each mailpiece 100, so there should be a file in ICS system 600, which allows the ZIP code for mailpiece 100 to be resolved automatically by ICS system 600 without any human intervention. If RCR 612 is successful, it returns the ZIP code data to ICU 608, where the data is stored in a Decision Storage Unit (DSU) 614 and an ICS Buffer 616. If RCR 612 does not successfully resolve the ZIP code corresponding to mailpiece 100, then mailpiece 100 is processed as in RBCS 500, as described above. Also, if RCR 612 is not successful, ICS system 600 may use an Image Buffer 618 for priority designation, as described in more detail herein.

If ISS 602 cannot resolve the ZIP code from destination address 200, and while the mailpiece image is processed by ICU 608, mailpiece 100 is routed from ISS 602 to

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OSS 604. A Bar Code Sorter at OSS 604 reads ID Tag 204 from mailpiece 100 and transmits a lookup request to DSU 614. Once the ZIP code has been resolved for mailpiece 100, DSU 614 then retrieves and returns the ZIP code corresponding to ID Tag 204 to OSS 604, and OSS 604 then applies POSTNET code 202 to mailpiece 100, if necessary. OSS 604 then verifies POSTNET code 202 to confirm that POSTNET code 202 is legible. However, in contrast to RBCS 500, even if OSS 604 cannot verify POSTNET code 202, mailpiece 100 can still be identified and processed in ICS system 600, if OSS 604 determines that mailpiece 100 is bound for an ICS-enabled destination. In this scenario, ICS system 600 simply uses ID Tag 204 as the identification code (instead of POSTNET code 202).

Therefore, in contrast to RBCS 500, ICS system 600 provides for the long-term storage of ID Tags 204 and corresponding POSTNET codes 202, which allows for the automation of tasks previously required to be performed by human operators. In addition, ICS system 600 provides for the sharing of this information throughout all phases of the identification and processing of mailpiece 100. This capability is made possible by Primary Identification Code Server/Secondary Identification Code Server (PICS/SICS) system 622. As described below, PICS/SICS system 622 enables downstream mailpiece identification and processing based on ID Tag 204, even if POSTNET code 202 becomes illegible. As in RBCS 500, after mailpiece 100 is processed by ISS 602 and OSS 604 in ICS system 600, initial mail processing is complete. Thereafter, mailpiece 100 is processed as in RBCS 500, a described above.

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Figure 6B shows an alternative embodiment of an Identification Code Sorting (ICS) system, as shown in Figures 2A and 4B. In this embodiment, if RCR 612 does not successfully resolve the ZIP code corresponding to mailpiece 100, the mailpiece image is not stored in an image buffer (e.g., Image Buffer 618 in Figure 6A). Instead, RCR 612 sends the mailpiece image to ICU 608 indicating that the ZIP code has not been resolved, and ICU 608 transmits the mailpiece image to Keying Site 620. At Keying Site 620, processing occurs as described above with reference to Figure 6A.

a. Overview of Processing for Mailpiece Image

Figure 7 is a detailed view of one embodiment of the section of an ICS system in which a mailpiece image (including an ID Tag) is processed to determine a POSTNET code (or ZIP code) corresponding to the destination address of a mailpiece, as shown in Figure 6A. The mailpiece image (along with ID Tag 204), taken at ISS 602, is passed from ISS 602 to ICU 608 for processing. From ICU 608, the mailpiece image (and ID Tag 204) is passed to RCR 612. Also, Central Database 610 (e.g., a USPS master address database) passes data (e.g., POSTNET data and/or ZIP code data) via ICU 608 to RCR 612. RCR 612 processes the mailpiece image to resolve ZIP code data using the data received from Central Database 610. Generally, RCR 612 is able to resolve ZIP code data based on a file contained within Central Database 610—the file is identified by ID Tag 204. In effect, ID Tag 204 is used to match the mailpiece image to a file in Central Database 610. In ICS system 600, in contrast to RBCS 500, ID Tag

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204 may be used to match the proper file in Central Database 610 throughout the identification and processing system.

Nonetheless, if RCR 612 fails, then the mailpiece image (and ID Tag 204) is stored in Image Buffer 618 in one embodiment, as shown in Figure 6A, which may include a priority designation, and is then sent to Keying Site 620, where it is processed according to the priority designation (if any). In an alternative embodiment without Image Buffer 618, as shown in Figure 6B, if RCR 612 does not resolve the ZIP code corresponding to mailpiece 100, RCR 612 sends the mailpiece image (and ID Tag 204) to ICU 608 indicating that the ZIP code has not been resolved, and ICU 608 then transmits this data to Keying Site 620.

During the subsequent processing in ICS system 600, when a ZIP code for the mailpiece image is resolved, either by RCR 612 or Keying Site 620, the ZIP code data is returned to ICU 608. ICU 608 then uses the ZIP code data to resolve the ZIP code for mailpiece 100. To do this, DSU 614 in ICU 608 sends the ZIP code data to OSS 604. ICU 608 also saves the ZIP code data in a storage system. ICU 608 informs Central Database 610 of the ZIP code data, which is mapped to ID Tag 204, which maintains a long-term storage capability. ICU 608 may also retain a local copy of the ZIP code data, which is mapped to ID Tag 204, at Image Buffer 618. As a result, ICS system 600 retains the ability to identify and process mailpiece 100 automatically throughout the delivery stages in a mail sorting system.

b. Detailed Description of Processing for Mailpiece Image

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Figure 8 is a block diagram of one embodiment of an Image Control Unit (ICU) in greater detail. ICU 608 directs the processing of a mailpiece image corresponding to a mailpiece 100 in ICS system 600 to resolve a POSTNET code 202 (or ZIP code data), using ID Tag 204. ICU 608 receives from ISS 602 and stores the mailpiece image and ID Tag 204. ICU 608 also receives data, such as a master reference table, from Central Database 610. Central Database 610 can be, for example, a USPS master address database or a USPS address change service database. Central Database 610 can also contain identification files corresponding to a plurality of ID Tags 204. ICU 608 passes the mailpiece image (including ID Tag 204, not shown) and the master reference table to RCR 612.

Processing by RCR 612 is described below, with reference to Figure 9. If RCR 612 resolves the identification information, such as, POSTNET code 202 (or ZIP code data) corresponding to the mailpiece image, RCR 612 passes POSTNET code 202 to ICU 608, and POSTNET code 202 is stored along with ID Tag 204 in both DSU 614 and ICS Buffer 616. If RCR 612 does not resolve the identification information, such as, POSTNET code 202, then RCR 612 passes the mailpiece image and ID Tag 204 to Image Buffer 618. Processing by Image Buffer 618 is described below, with reference to Figure 10. At a particular time, such as, for example, the end of a mail sort run or the end of the day, Image Buffer 618 passes the mailpiece image (and ID Tag 204, not shown) to ICU 608, which passes the mailpiece image to Keying Site 620. Processing by Keying Site 620 is described below, with reference to Figure 11. Keying Site 620

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returns an identification file, including POSTNET code 202, to ICU 608, where it is stored with ID Tag 204 in both DSU 614 and ICS Buffer 616. DSU 614 supplies identification information, such as ID Tag 204 and POSTNET code 202 for mailpiece 100, to OSS 604 during initial mail processing. ICS Buffer 616 retains a copy of this identification information locally for ICS system 600. A copy of ICS Buffer 616 may be sent to Central Database 610 for long-term storage.

Figure 9 is a block diagram of one embodiment of a Remote Computer Reader (RCR) in greater detail. RCR 612 receives the mailpiece image (including ID Tag 204, not shown) and the master reference table from ICU 608, as described above with reference to Figure 8. RCR 612 first attempts to compare the mailpiece image to data in the master reference table to resolve a POSTNET code for the mailpiece (i.e., mailpiece 100) corresponding to the mailpiece image. In doing so, RCR 612 uses ID Tag 204 to determine if there is a file on mailpiece 100, which contains identification information, such as, POSTNET code 202, for mailpiece 100. If RCR 612 succeeds, then RCR 612 sends POSTNET code 202 to ICU 608. If RCR 612 does not resolve the identification information, then, in one embodiment, RCR 612 assigns a priority designation to the mailpiece image and passes the mailpiece image (including ID Tag 204, not shown) and the priority designation to Image Buffer 618. Processing by Image Buffer 618 is described below, with reference to Figure 10. In an alternative embodiment (not shown), if RCR 612 does not resolve the POSTNET code, RCR 612 can send the mailpiece image or data indicating that the identification information has

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not been resolved back to ICU 608. Processing by ICU 608 is described above, with reference to Figure 8.

Figure 10 is a block diagram of one embodiment of an Image Buffer in greater detail. Image Buffer 618 receives a Buffer File 1002 containing a mailpiece image (including ID Tag 204, not shown) and a priority designation from RCR 612. Image Buffer 618 stores Buffer File 1002. Upon the expiration of a condition (not shown), such as the end of a sort run or the end of the day, or upon receipt of a prompt from (as shown in Figure 10), for example, RCR 612, Image Buffer 618 sends Buffer File 1002 to ICU 608 for processing. Image Buffer 618 may also retain a copy of the identification information corresponding to a plurality of mailpieces 100 (i.e., a copy of a plurality of Buffer Files 1002). Alternatively, in certain other embodiments of ICS system 600, Image Buffer 618 is not implemented.

Figure 11 is a block diagram of one embodiment of a Keying Site in greater detail. In this embodiment, Keying Site 620 receives a Buffer File 1002 from ICU 608 that contains a mailpiece image (including ID Tag 204, not shown) and a corresponding priority designation, which is forwarded to a human operator for manual processing according to the priority designation. As shown in Figure 11, the mailpiece image from Buffer File 1002 is presented to an operator at a keying station 1102. The operator views the mailpiece image and keys the identification information into a computer at Keying Site 620, such as the ZIP code information for the POSTNET code corresponding to the mailpiece image. Keying Site 620 then returns the identification

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information to ICU 608 as an identification file. It is to be understood that a priority designation is not necessary. Alternatively, Keying Site 620 could process mailpiece images on a first-received, first-processed basis, if priority designations are not used.

D. Primary Identification Code Server/Secondary Identification Code Server
 (PICS/SICS) System

Figure 12 is a block diagram of one embodiment of a Primary Identification Code Server/Secondary Identification Code Server (PICS/SICS) system, as shown in Figures 6A and 6B. As described above in Figures 6A and 6B, ICU 608 maintains ICS Buffer 616, which stores ID Tags and corresponding POSTNET codes for mailpieces. ICU 608 may share this information with PICS/SICS system 622. As shown in Figure 12, ICU 608 shares identification information with a Primary Identification Code Server (PICS) 1200 via a telecommunications connection 1202. PICS 1200 in turn shares the identification information with a Secondary Identification Code Server (SICS) 1204 via a telecommunications connection 1206.

As shown in Figure 12, PICS 1200 can also communicate with a Value Added Service System 1208 via telecommunications link 1210. Value Added Service System 1208 can be, for example, a system to track and report the performance of PICS/SICS system 622. Telecommunications connections 1202, 1206, and 1210 can be, for example, an Internet connection, a telephone line with a modem, a local area network (LAN), or a wide area network (WAN). In systems consistent with the present invention, PICS 1200 can communicate with multiple SICS to share a plurality of identification

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information about a plurality of mailpieces. As also shown in Figure 12, PICS 1200 communicates with Bar Code Sorters (BCS) 1212, 1214, and 1216. SICS 1204 communicates with BCS 1218 and 1220. Of course, each PICS and SICS can interface with any number of BCS consistent with the present invention. The communication with Bar Code Sorters is described in further detail below, with reference to Figures 14 and 15.

Additionally, as shown in Figure 12, PICS system 1230, which contains PICS 1200 and BCS 1212, 1214, and 1216, is in the same physical location, such as, for example, a USPS Mail Processing & Distribution Center. In one implementation, a dedicated ICS local area network connects BCS 1212, 1214, and 1216 to PICS 1200. SICS system 1240, which contains SICS 1204 and BCS 1218 and 1220, is in a different physical location, such as, for example, a USPS Associate Office. In one implementation, a dedicated ICS local area network connects BCS 1218 and 1220 to SICS 1204. Other configurations of PICS system 1230 and/or SICS system 1240 are possible.

Figure 13 is a block diagram of one embodiment of a Primary Identification Code Server (PICS), as shown in Figure 12. As described above, PICS 1200 communicates with ICU 608 via telecommunications connection 1202. In one implementation, PICS 1200 maintains a Local Sat file 1306 that includes all of the geographic areas, i.e., ZIP code zones, served by PICS 1200. PICS 1200 also includes a Mode Indicator 1308 that can be set to either local or national mode. In local mode, PICS 1200

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communicates with one or more Bar Code Sorters (BCS) 1302, one or more Secondary Identification Code Servers (SICS) 1304, and one or more PICS. In national mode, PICS 1200 may additionally communicate with PICS 1200 via one or more Electronic Post Offices (EPOs) (not shown). National mode is described below, with reference to Figures 15A and 15B.

As shown in the depicted implementation in Figure 13, to identify information processed between ICU 608 and PICS 1200, PICS 1200 maintains a Lookup Table 1310. Identification files, or ID files, containing ID Tag and POSTNET data, are stored in the identification files in Lookup Table 1310. To serve one or more SICS 1304, PICS 1200 includes a SICS_ZIP Data File Generator 1312 and a SICS Service Area Table Database 1314. SICS_ZIP Data File Generator 1312 is used by PICS 1200 to create a SICS_ZIP Data File (not shown here, but see below) for each SICS connected to PICS 1200 by matching identification files from Lookup Table 1310 to the service area of each SICS. The service area of each SICS connected to PICS 1200, i.e., the geographic area served by each SICS, is stored in a SICS Service Area Table in SICS Service Area Table Database 1314.

Figure 14 shows one embodiment of how a PICS functions, as shown in Figure 13. PICS 1200 receives an identification file, including ID Tag 204 and POSTNET code 202, from ICU 608 via telecommunications link 1202. PICS 1200 stores the identification file in Lookup Table 1310. As shown in Figure 14, each identification file 1420 contains an identification code (ID code) 1422, such as, for example, ID Tag 204,

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and a postal code 1424, such as, for example, POSTNET code 202. In addition, identification file 1420 can include additional information, such as, for example, an image capture time or status bits indicating various aspects of the identification file.

PICS 1200 contains SICS_ZIP Data File Generator 1312. SICS_ZIP Data File

Generator 1312 is used by PICS 1200 to create a SICS_ZIP Data File 1406 for each

SICS connected to PICS 1200 by matching identification files 1420 from Lookup Table

1310 to the service area of each SICS from SICS Service Area Table Database 1314.

PICS 1200 maintains SICS Service Area Table Database 1314, which includes a set of

SICS Service Area Tables corresponding to each SICS service Area Table 1315 in

SICS Service Area Table Database 1314.

In one implementation of ICS system 600, referring to Figure 14, PICS 1200 has two functions. A first function of PICS 1200 is to resolve mailpiece information for Bar Code Sorter (BCS) 1402. To do this, BCS 1402 reads an identification code 1410 from a mailpiece and sends the identification code (or ID code or ID Tag) to PICS 1200, such as, for example, via a dedicated ICS local area network (not shown). PICS 1200 looks up identification code 1410 in Lookup Table 1310, and returns identification information, i.e., the ZIP code or the POSTNET code, corresponding to identification code 1410 to BCS 1402.

To do so, PICS 1200 matches identification code 1410 with an identification code contained in an identification file, such as identification code 1422 in identification

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file 1420. Because ICS system 600 had previously created identification file 1420 corresponding to a single mailpiece (using the unique identification code 1422), PICS 1200 can accurately obtain the identification information using identification file 1420, which matches identification code 1422 to identification code 1410. Thereby, PICS 1200 can also determine that postal code 1424 corresponds to identification code 1410. PICS 1200 then returns identification information 1430 to BCS 1402. In one embodiment, identification information 1430 is postal code 1424. In an alternative embodiment, identification information 1430 is identification code 1422. In another alternative embodiment, identification information 1430 is identification file 1420. In still another alternative embodiment, identification information 1430 can be an entirely different code.

A second function of PICS 1200 is to share information with one or more SICS 1404. To do this, at predetermined intervals, PICS 1200 sends information to SICS 1404 via a telecommunications connection. These intervals can be based on time (e.g., every twenty minutes, every hour, etc.) or on another measurement (e.g., once 20,000 identification files are stored in Lookup Table 1310, etc.). PICS 1200 uses SICS_ZIP Data File Generator 1312 to create a SICS_ZIP Data File 1406. SICS_ZIP Data File 1406 contains the identification files from Lookup Table 1310 for a particular SICS 1404. SICS_ZIP Data File Generator 1312 uses the appropriate SICS Service Area Table 1315 corresponding to SICS 1404 to determine which identification files are included in SICS_ZIP Data File 1406. For example, in SICS Service Area Table

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Database 1314, there is a SICS Service Area Table 1315 that identifies the service area for a particular SICS, e.g., the ZIP codes for the zones served by SICS 1404. Thus, using this information (for purposes of this example), SICS_ZIP Data File Generator 1312 collects all identification files (e.g., identification files 1407) with the ZIP codes from SICS Service Area Table 1315 and creates SICS_ZIP Data File 1406. At the predetermined interval (described above), PICS 1200 then sends SICS_ZIP Data File 1406 containing identification files 1407 to SICS 1404.

Figure 15 is a block diagram of one embodiment of a Secondary Identification Code Server (SICS), as shown in Figure 14. In Figure 15, SICS 1404 performs the same basic function as PICS 1200 with respect to Bar Code Sorters. SICS 1404 resolves mailpiece information for one or more Bar Code Sorters, e.g., Bar Code Sorter (BCS) 1502. To do this, SICS 1404 receives a SICS_ZIP Data File 1406 from PICS 1200. For example, SICS_ZIP Data File 1406 may include a collection of identification files 1407 corresponding to mailpieces destined for postal codes within the service area of SICS 1404. In one implementation, when BCS 1502 reads an identification code 1510 from a mailpiece, BCS 1502 sends identification code 1510 to SICS 1404, such as, for example, over a dedicated ICS local area network (not shown). SICS 1404 looks up identification code 1510 in SICS_ZIP Data File 1406 and returns identification information, e.g., the ZIP code or the POSTNET code, to BCS 1502 in the form of identification information 1520. Accordingly, in this implementation, BCS 1502 can use identification information 1520 to identify and process the mailpiece even if the ZIP

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code or the POSTNET code is illegible. Thus, like PICS 1200, SICS 1404 can determine mailpiece information for a Bar Code Sorter 1502.

Figure 15A is a diagram of one embodiment of a plurality of Primary Identification Code Servers operating in national mode. As in local mode, in which a PICS shares mailpiece identification information with one or more SICS and one or more PICS (see Figure 13), in national mode, a PICS additionally shares mailpiece identification with other PICS via one or more Electronic Post Offices (EPOs). As shown in Figure 15A, a plurality of PICS 1505 are connected to a plurality of EPOs 1502. In one implementation, PICS 1510, PICS 1511, and PICS 1512 are connected to ICS Electronic Post Office West 1504, ICS Electronic Post Office Central 1506, and ICS Electronic Post Office East 1508 via a network (not shown). Any number of PICS can be connected to any number of EPOs. This national mode implementation allows for broad interoperability among an unlimited number of PICS and EPOs. For example, as shown in Figure 15A, PICS 1510 may receive identification files for all mailpieces processed by all PICS in an ICS system 600. By allowing PICS 1510 to communicate with one or more of EPOs 1504, 1506, and 1508, the identification files for mailpieces bound for areas served by PICS 1511 and PICS 1512 are also sent from PICS 1510 to PICS 1511 and PICS 1512. Therefore, national mode allows for complete interoperability among all the components of an ICS system 600.

Figure 15B illustrates one embodiment of a process by which the sharing of mailpiece identification files takes place in national mode, as shown in Figure 15A. As

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shown in Figure 15B, in national mode, PICS 1510 collects identification files in Lookup Table 1512, as described above. PICS 1510 then determines which of the identification files in Lookup Table 1512 are served by other PICS/SICS systems using a Local.Sat file 1514, as described above. PICS 1510 maintains an EPO.Sat file 1513 to define what records are to be sent to other PICS via EPOs. In one embodiment, Local.Sat file 1514 can contain a list of all ZIP codes served by PICS 1510 (as well as any SICS connected to PICS 1510). In this embodiment, EPO.Sat file 1513 can be the inverse of Local.Sat file 1514. PICS 1510 can have a National Mode indicator 1511. In national mode, PICS 1510 periodically sends these identification files to a primary EPO 1520 via a network connection (not depicted). PICS 1510 also sends a copy of Local.Sat file 1514 to primary EPO 1520. Local.Sat file 1514 contains a list of all the ZIP codes served by PICS 1510. In one implementation, PICS 1510 may also have a secondary EPO for use in case primary EPO 1520 is unavailable or inoperative (not shown).

Once PICS 1510 has transferred the identification files to EPO 1520, EPO 1520 collects and stores the identification files in a Storage Buffer 1514. EPO 1520 also collects and stores any Local.Sat files 1514 in a plurality of Table Buffers 1516. Each PICS table 1518 in PICS Table Buffer 1516 is created using the Local.Sat files received from the plurality of PICS operating in national mode, such as, PICS 1510. For example, when EPO 1520 receives Local.Sat file 1514 from PICS 1510, EPO 1520 creates a PICS Table 1518 corresponding to PICS 1510. Thereafter, in an implementation based on ZIP codes, as EPO 1520 receives identification files from

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other PICS, EPO 1520 stores the identification files matching the ZIP codes in PICS Table Buffer 1516 in the corresponding PICS Table for each respective PICS (e.g., if the ZIP code matches the ZIP codes in PICS Table 1518 corresponding to Local.Sat file 1514, the identification file is matched to PICS Table 1518). At predetermined intervals (similar to the predetermined intervals described above), EPO 1520 then sends a copy of each PICS Table in PICS Table Buffer 1516 to its corresponding PICS. For example, if EPO 1520 collects identification files corresponding to PICS 1530 into a PICS Table 1519, EPO 1520 may send PICS table 1519 to PICS 1530. Additionally, EPO 1520 may also send a copy of National.Sat file 1515 to PICS 1530. National.Sat file 1515 is a compilation of all Local.Sat files received by EPO 1520. National.Sat file 1518 can be used by EPO 1520 to monitor all areas services by ICS system 600. If a copy is transferred from EPO 1520 to PICS 1530, National.Sat file 1518 can also be used by PICS 1530 to monitor all areas that are served by ICS system 600.

E. Common Sorter Software

As described above, as shown in Figures 12 and 13, both PICS and SICS exchange information with Bar Code Sorters (BCS). For example, PICS 1200 in Figure 13 exchanges information with a plurality of BCS 1302, and a plurality of SICS 1304 exchange information with a plurality of BCS 1306. Throughout ICS system 600, different types of BCS are used to read identification information from a mailpiece and process the mailpiece through a PICS or a SICS. Accordingly, using the same example

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from Figure 13, a common sorter software is needed to allow PICS 1200 and SICS 1304 to exchange information with BCS 1302 and BCS 1306, respectively.

Figure 16 depicts one embodiment of a PICS/SICS system incorporating

Common Sorter Software. Common Sorter Software 1602 performs a number of tasks, including, for example, initiating a connection between a BCS and a PICS and/or SICS, transmitting information between the BCS and the PICS and/or SICS, and terminating the connection between the BCS and the PICS and/or SICS. In this way, PICS 1200 processes mailpiece information for BCS 1212, 1214, and 1216, using Common Sorter Software 1602. Additionally, SICS 1204 processes mailpiece information for BCS 1218 and 1220, using Common Sorter Software 1602. Regardless of the type of BCS, Common Sorter Software 1602 provides a common interface between the BCS and a PICS and/or SICS. Therefore, Common Sorter Software 1602 is infinitely compatible (with any BCS) and infinitely expandable (to any number of BCS devices). Notably, in one implementation, Common Sorter Software 1602 is software, but Common Sorter Software 1602 may also be hardware.

Figure 17 is a block diagram of one embodiment of a Bar Code Sorter (BCS) system using Common Sorter Software to connect to a PICS. BCS system 1700 includes BCS 1212 and Common Sorter Software 1602. Common Sorter Software 1602 provides an interface between BCS system 1700 and PICS 1710. Of course, one skilled in the art would understand that other BCS may be similarly configured or that

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BCS 1212 may use Common Sorter Software 1602 to interface with a SICS rather than a PICS (i.e., PICS 1700).

Figure 18 illustrates various embodiments of Bar Code Sorters using Common Sorter Software to connect to a PICS/SICS such as the BCS systems shown in Figure 17. As illustrated in Figure 18, Common Sorter Software 1602 can be used with a Mail Processing Bar Code Sorter (MPBCS) 1802, a Downstream Bar Code Sorter (DBCS) 1804, a Carrier Sequence Bar Code Sorter (CSBCS) 1806, an Output Subsystem/Bar Code Sorter (OSS/BCS) 1808, or any other type of Bar Code Sorter.

Figures 19A-19C illustrate one embodiment for a process used by one embodiment of Common Sorter Software during the identification and processing of a mailpiece by any of the Bar Code Sorters (BCS), such as those shown in Figure 18. First, as shown in Figure 19A, after an operator 1900 has loaded the mailpieces into BCS 1212, operator 1900 enters a 'Start Run' command into BCS 1212. BCS 1212 then begins the process of attempting to identify and process the mailpieces. During this process, a connection with a PICS/SICS 1810 may become necessary. BCS 1212 uses Common Sorter Software 1602 to establish a connection with PICS/SICS 1810. As shown in Figure 19B, operator 1900 can constantly supervise the identification and processing of the mailpieces on BCS 1212 (i.e., throughout the "mail sort run"). During this period, BCS 1212 uses Common Sorter Software 1602 to communicate with PICS/SICS 1810 throughout the mail sort run. As shown in Figure 19C, once the mail sort run is complete, operator 1900 enters an 'End Run' command into BCS 1212, and

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Common Sorter Software 1602 breaks the connection with PICS/SICS 1810 until the next mail sort run. One skilled in the art would be aware of alternative processes by which BCS 1212 could connect with PICS/SICS 1810 via Common Sorter Software 1602.

F. Universal ID Tag Reader

As described above, as shown in Figures 12 and 13, a Bar Code Sorter (BCS) is used by ICS system 600 to read information from a mailpiece and to identify and process the mailpiece according to the information. As also described above, ICS system 600 uses special codes for the identification and processing of mail, namely, the POSTNET code (on the front of the mailpiece) and the identification code (on the back of the mailpiece). To read the identification code off the back of the mailpiece, RBCS 500 and ICS system 600 include special apparatus and processes, such as an ID Tag Reader (in RBCS 500) and an Universal ID Tag Reader (in ICS system 600).

Figure 20 is a block diagram of a Bar Code Sorter (BCS) consistent with one embodiment of the present invention, for example, as used by a RBCS, which includes, for example, an RBCS ID Tag Reader. BCS 1212 includes a Bar Code Sorting System 2002, Common Sorter Software 1602, and a RBCS ID Tag Reader 2000. As described above, RBCS 500 makes only limited use of an identification code, because identification files are temporary and may only be used locally. For this reason, RBCS ID Tag Reader 2000 is generally used with a single type of BCS, namely, the OSS/BCS 1808, as shown in Figure 18.

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Figure 21 is a block diagram of a Bar Code Sorter (BCS) consistent with one embodiment of the present invention, for example, as used by an ICS system, which includes, for example, a Universal ID Tag Reader. BCS 1212 in ICS system 600 includes Bar Code Sorting System 2002, Common Sorter Software 1602, and a Universal ID Tag Reader 2100. As described above, ICS system 600 makes widespread use of an identification code, and therefore, Universal ID Tag Reader 2100 has many applications. For example, Universal ID Tag Reader 2100 can be used on any type of BCS, including MPBCS 1802, DBCS 1804, CSBCS 1806, and OSS/BCS 1808, as shown in Figure 18.

Figure 22 is a block diagram of one embodiment of a Universal ID Tag Reader (UIDTR). UIDTR 2100 includes two main components: a Reader Head Assembly 2200 and a Reader Unit 2202 connected by a Fiber Optic Cable 2204. Notably, because Reader Head Assembly 2200 is separate from Reader Unit 2202, Reader Head Assembly 2200 may be placed in an assortment of different positions within ICS system 600, connected by Fiber Optic Cable 2204. In contrast to RBCS ID Tag Reader 2000, therefore, UIDTR 2100 has increased flexibility and usability in ICS system 600.

Figure 23 illustrates one embodiment of a UIDTR in greater detail, as shown in Figure 22. Reader Head Assembly 2200 includes an Infrared Receiver 2302 and a Lens 2304. Reader Unit 2202 includes a Reader Logic Unit 2306, a Light Source 2308, a Light Filter Unit 2310, a Signal Converter 2318, and a Port 2320. In this embodiment, Light Filter Unit 2310 includes a first Light Filter 2312, a second Light Filter 2314, and a

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third Light Filter 2316. One skilled in the art would recognize that other embodiments may be used for the arrangement of light filters in Reader Unit 2202. Reader Head Assembly 2200 is connected to Reader Unit 2202 via Fiber Optic Bundle 2204.

Figures 24A-24D illustrate the operation of one embodiment of a UIDTR while processing a mailpiece, according to one embodiment of the invention. As shown in Figure 24A, mailpiece 100 includes an identification code, i.e., an ID code. When mailpiece 100 is placed before Universal ID Tag Reader 2100, a light barrier signal is generated at Infrared Receiver 2302. Infrared Receiver 2302 passes the light barrier signal to Reader Logic Unit 2306. The light barrier signal indicates that there is a mailpiece ready to be processed. As shown in Figure 24B, reader Logic Unit 2306 then supplies power to Light Source 2308. The light from Light Source 2308 travels over Fiber Optic Bundle 2204 and illuminates the ID code on the mailpiece. As shown in Figure 24C, lens 2304 then focuses the ID code onto Fiber Optic Bundle 2204. In one embodiment, Fiber Optic Bundle 2204 may divide the light into at least three bundles. One skilled in the art would recognize that other embodiments may be used, including less than three bundles. Each bundle is directed to a light filter in Light Filter Unit 2310. The first bundle is filtered through a First Light Filter 2312, the second bundle is filtered through a Second Light Filter 2314, and the third bundle is filtered through a Third Light Filter 2316. In this embodiment, the light filters (i.e., First Light Filter 2312, Second Light Filter 2314, and Third Light Filter 2316) respond to different frequencies of the fluorescent spectrum. The analog signals output by Light Filter Unit 2310 are then

converted into digital signals by Signal Converter 2318, e.g., an analog/digital converter. Finally, as shown in Figure 24D, the digital signal from Signal Converter 2318 is passed to Reader Logic Unit 2306, where the digital signal is converted into an ID code corresponding to the ID code on mailpiece 100. Reader Logic Unit 2306 passes the ID code to Port 2320, and the ID code is passed back to BCS 1212.

Figure 25 shows optional components of an embodiment of a UIDTR such as the UIDTR in Figure 22. As shown in Figure 25, an operator 2500 can operate Universal ID Tag Reader 2100 using one or more Light Emitting Diodes 2502 on Reader Head Assembly 2200 and one or more Light Emitting Diodes 2504 and Push Buttons 2506, located on Reader Unit 2202. Light Emitting Diodes 2502 and/or Light Emitting Diodes 2504 can display diagnostic information, such as 'System OK' or 'Power OK,' or function options, such as 'Reset,' to operator 2500. Operator 2500 can use Push Buttons 2506 to display diagnostic information, to select function options or to input other data.

Figure 26 shows still additional optional components of another embodiment of a UIDTR, such as the UIDTR in Figure 22. Port 2602 can support, for example, transistor transistor logic (TTL) and Port 2604 can support, for example, differential logic. These optional component ports may enable, for example, UIDTR 2100 to function with an expanded variety of Bar Code Sorters.

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VI. <u>Conclusion</u>

As described above, therefore, it will be apparent to those skilled in the art that various modifications and variations can be made in the methods and apparatus of the present invention without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention. Thus, it is intended that the present invention cover the modifications and variations of this invention, provided they come within the scope of the appended claims and their equivalents. In this context, equivalents mean each and every implementation for carrying out the functions recited in the claims, even if not explicitly described herein.

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VII. Claims

What is claimed is:

1. A method of processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, comprising the steps of:

receiving an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece, wherein the identification file contains an identification code and a postal code; and resolving mailpiece information for a mail processing device, using the identification file.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the mail processing device is a bar code sorter.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the identification code is an ID tag.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the postal code is a POSTNET code.
- The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:
 storing the identification file in a lookup table.
- The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:
 maintaining a service area table for a secondary identification code server.

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7. The method of claim 1, wherein the resolving step further comprises the substeps of:

receiving an identification code from a mail processing device, where the mail processing device obtains the identification code from the mailpiece;

processing the identification code to determine the identification information, using the identification file corresponding to the identification code; and transmitting the identification information to the mail processing device.

- 8. The method of claim 1, wherein the identification file further includes an image capture time.
- 9. The method of claim 8, wherein the identification file further includes a plurality of status bits that indicate aspects of the identification file.
- 10. A system for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, comprising:

an identification file receiving component configured to receive an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece, wherein the identification file contains an identification code and a postal code; and

a resolving component configured to resolve mailpiece information for a mail processing device, using the identification file.

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The system of claim 10, wherein the identification code is an ID tag.

The system of claim 10, wherein the mail processing device is a bar code sorter.

- 13. The system of claim 10, wherein the postal code is a POSTNET code.
- 14. The system of claim 10, further comprising:a storing component configured to store the identification file in a lookup table.
- 15. The system of claim 10, further comprising: a maintaining component configured to maintain a service area table for a secondary identification code server.
- 16. The system of claim 10, wherein the resolving component includes:

 an identification code receiving component configured to receive an identification code from a mail processing device, where the mail processing device obtains the identification code from the mailpiece;

a processing component configured to process the identification code to determine the identification information, using the identification file corresponding to the identification code; and

a transmitting component configured to transmit the identification information to the mail processing device.

- 17. The system of claim 10, wherein the identification file further includes an image capture time.
- 18. The system of claim 17, wherein the identification file further includes a plurality of status bits that indicate aspects of the identification file.
- 19. A system for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, comprising:

the identification file contains an identification code and a postal code; and means for resolving mailpiece information for a mail processing device, using the identification file.

means for receiving an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece, wherein

20. A computer usable medium having computer readable code embodied therein for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, the computer readable code comprising:

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an identification file receiving module configured to receive an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece, wherein the identification file contains an identification code and a postal code; and

a resolving module configured to resolve mailpiece information for a mail processing device, using the identification file.

21. A method of processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, comprising the steps of:

receiving an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece;
resolving mailpiece information for a mail processing device using the identification file; and

22. The method of claim 21, wherein the mail processing device is a bar code sorter.

updating a secondary identification code server using the identification file.

- 23. The method of claim 21, wherein the identification file contains an identification code and a postal code.
- 24. The method of claim 23, wherein the identification code is an ID tag.
- 25. The method of claim 23, wherein the postal code is a POSTNET code.

- 26. The method of claim 21, wherein the secondary identification code server is a SICS server.
- 27. The method of claim 21, further comprising the step of: storing the identification file in a lookup table.
- 28. The method of claim 21, further comprising the step of:
 maintaining a service area table for a secondary identification code server.
- 29. The method of claim 21, wherein the resolving step further comprises the substeps of:

receiving an identification code from a mail processing device, where the mail processing device obtains the identification code from the mailpiece;

processing the identification code to determine the identification information, using the identification file corresponding to the identification code; and transmitting the identification information to the mail processing device.

30. The method of claim 21, wherein the identification file further includes an image capture time.

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31. The method of claim 30, wherein the identification file further includes a plurality of status bits that indicate aspects of the identification file.

32. A system for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, comprising:

an identification file receiving component configured to receive an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece;

a resolving component configured to resolve mailpiece information for a mail processing device using the identification file; and

an updating component configured to update a secondary identification code server using the identification file.

- 33. The system of claim 32, wherein the mail processing device is a bar code sorter.
- 34. The system of claim 32, wherein the identification file contains an identification code and a postal code.
- 35. The system of claim 34, wherein the identification code is an ID tag.
- 36. The system of claim 34, wherein the postal code is a POSTNET code.

37. The system of claim 32, wherein the secondary identification code server is a

SICS server.

- 38. The system of claim 32, further comprising:a storing component configured to store the identification file in a lookup table.
- 39. The system of claim 32, further comprising: a maintaining component configured to maintain a service area table for a secondary identification code server.
- 40. The system of claim 32, wherein the resolving component includes:

 an identification code receiving component configured to receive an
 identification code from a mail processing device, where the mail processing device
 obtains the identification code from the mailpiece;

a processing component configured process to the identification code to determine the identification information, using the identification file corresponding to the identification code; and

a transmitting component configured to transmit the identification information to the mail processing device.

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41. The system of claim 32, wherein the identification file further includes an image capture time.

42. The system of claim 41, wherein the identification file further includes a plurality of status bits that indicate aspects of the identification file.

43. A system for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, comprising:

means for receiving an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece;

means for resolving mailpiece information for a mail processing device using the identification file; and

means for updating a secondary identification code server using the identification file.

44. A computer usable medium having computer readable code embodied therein for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, the computer readable code comprising:

an identification file receiving module configured to receive an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece;

a resolving module configured to resolve mailpiece information for a mail processing device using the identification file; and

an updating module configured to update a secondary identification code server using the identification file.

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45. A method of processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, comprising the steps of:

receiving an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece;

storing the identification file in a lookup table;

maintaining a service area table database with a service area table for a secondary identification code server;

resolving mailpiece information for a mail processing device using the identification file; and

updating the secondary identification code server using the service area table.

- 46. The method of claim 45, wherein the mail processing device is a bar code sorter.
- 47. The method of claim 45, wherein the storing step further comprises: revising an old identification file in the lookup table with a revised identification file.
- 48. The method of claim 45, wherein the identification file contains an identification code and a postal code.
- 49. The method of claim 48, wherein the identification code is an ID tag.

- 50. The method of claim 48, wherein the postal code is a POSTNET code.
- 51. The method of claim 45, wherein the service area table contains a plurality of postal codes corresponding to the secondary identification code server.
- 52. The method of claim 45, wherein the secondary identification code server is a SICS server.
- 53. The method of claim 45, wherein the resolving step further comprises the substeps of:

receiving an identification code from a mail processing device, where the mail processing device obtains the identification code from the mailpiece;

processing the identification code to determine the identification information, using the identification file corresponding to the identification code; and transmitting the identification information to the mail processing device.

- 54. The method of claim 45, wherein the identification file further includes an image capture time.
- 55. The method of claim 54, wherein the identification file further includes a plurality of status bits that indicate aspects of the identification file.

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A system for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code 56. server, comprising:

an identification file receiving component configured to receive an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece;

a storing component configured to store the identification file in a lookup table; a maintaining component configured to maintain a service area table database with a service area table for a secondary identification code server;

a resolving component configured to resolve mailpiece information for a mail processing device using the identification file; and

an updating component configured to update the secondary identification code server using the service area table.

- The system of claim 56, wherein the mail processing device is a bar code sorter. 57.
- 58. The system of claim 56, wherein the storing component includes:

a revising component configured to revise an old identification file in the lookup table with a revised identification file.

The system of claim 56, wherein the identification file contains an identification 59. code and a postal code.

- 60. The system of claim 59, wherein the identification code is an ID tag.
- 61. The system of claim 59, wherein the postal code is a POSTNET code.
- 62. The system of claim 56, wherein the service area table contains a plurality of postal codes corresponding to the secondary identification code server.
- 63. The system of claim 56, wherein the secondary identification code server is a SICS server.
- 64. The system of claim 56, wherein the resolving component includes:

an identification code receiving component configured to receive an identification code from a mail processing device, where the mail processing device obtains the identification code from the mailpiece;

a processing component configured to process the identification code to determine the identification information, using the identification file corresponding to the identification code; and

a transmitting component configured to transmit the identification information to the mail processing device.

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capture time.

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66. The system of claim 65, wherein the identification file further includes a plurality of status bits that indicate aspects of the identification file.

The system of claim 56, wherein the identification file further includes an image

67. A system for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, comprising:

means for receiving an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece; means for storing the identification file in a lookup table;

means for maintaining a service area table database with a service area table for a secondary identification code server;

means for resolving mailpiece information for a mail processing device using the identification file; and

means for updating the secondary identification code server using the service area table.

68. A computer usable medium having computer readable code embodied therein for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, the computer readable code comprising:

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an identification file receiving module configured to receive an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece;

a storing module configured to store the identification file in a lookup table;
a maintaining module configured to maintain a service area table database with
a service area table for a secondary identification code server;

a resolving module configured to resolve mailpiece information for a mail processing device using the identification file; and

an updating module configured to update the secondary identification code server using the service area table.

69. A method of processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, comprising the steps of:

receiving an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece from an image control unit, wherein the identification file contains a file identification code and a file postal code;

storing the identification file in a lookup table;

maintaining a service area table database with a service area table for a secondary identification code server;

resolving mailpiece information for the mailpiece, wherein the resolving step further comprises the substeps of:

receiving an identification code from a mail processing device, where the mail processing device obtains the identification code from the mailpiece;

processing the identification code to determine the identification information, using the identification file corresponding to the identification code; and transmitting the identification information to the mail processing device; and

updating the secondary identification code server, wherein the updating step further comprises the substeps of:

generating the data file using the service area table corresponding to the secondary identification code server to identify identification files in the lookup table; and

transmitting the data file to the secondary identification code server.

- 70. The method of claim 69, wherein the mail processing device is a bar code sorter.
- 71. The method of claim 69, wherein the storing step further comprises: revising an old identification file in the lookup table with a revised identification file.
- 72. The method of claim 69, wherein the identification code is an ID tag.

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- 73. The method of claim 69, wherein the file identification code is an ID tag.
- 74. The method of claim 69, wherein the file postal code is a POSTNET code.
- 75. The method of claim 69, wherein the service area table contains a plurality of postal codes corresponding to the secondary identification code server.
- 76. The method of claim 69, wherein the secondary identification code server is a SICS server.
- 77. The method of claim 69, further comprising the steps of:

receiving a delete file message from the mail processing device indicating an identification file to be deleted; and

deleting the identification file to be deleted from the lookup table in response to the delete file message.

78. The method of claim 69, wherein the resolving step further comprises the substeps of:

connecting to the mail processing device via a telecommunications link; receiving test data from the mail processing device; and confirming the test data.

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The method of claim 78, wherein the test data consists of nineteen test mailpiece 79. identification codes.

The method of claim 69, wherein the identification information transmitting step 80. further comprises the substep of:

transmitting the identification file corresponding to the identification code, if the identification code is found in the lookup table.

The method of claim 69, wherein the identification information transmitting step 81. further comprises the substep of:

transmitting the file postal code corresponding to the identification code, if the identification code is found in the lookup table.

The method of claim 69, wherein the identification information transmitting step 82. further comprises the substep of:

transmitting an error message to the mail processing device, if the identification code is not found in the lookup table.

83. The method of claim 69, wherein the data file is a SICS_ZIP data file.

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- 84. The method of claim 69, wherein the identification file further includes an image capture time.
- The method of claim 84, wherein the identification file further includes a plurality 85. of status bits that indicate aspects of the identification file.
- The method of claim 69, wherein the updating step occurs at a predetermined 86. time interval.
- The method of claim 86, wherein the predetermined time interval is twenty 87. minutes.
- The method of claim 69, wherein the updating step occurs when a 88. predetermined number of identification files have been received.
- The method of claim 88, wherein the predetermined number of identification files 89. is twenty thousand.
- A system for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code 90. server, comprising:

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an identification file receiving component configured to receive an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece from an image control unit, wherein the identification file contains a file identification code and a file postal code;

a storing component configured to store the identification file in a lookup table; a maintaining component configured to maintain a service area table database with a service area table for a secondary identification code server;

a resolving component configured to resolve mailpiece information for the mailpiece, wherein the resolving component further comprises:

an identification code receiving component configured to receive an identification code from a mail processing device, where the mail processing device obtains the identification code from the mailpiece;

a processing component configured to process the identification code to determine the identification information, using the identification file corresponding to the identification code; and

an identification information transmitting component configured to transmit the identification information to the mail processing device; and

an updating component configured to update the secondary identification code server, wherein the updating component further comprises:

a generating component configured to generate the data file using the service area table corresponding to the secondary identification code server to identify identification files in the lookup table; and

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The system of claim 90, wherein the mail processing device is a bar code sorter. 91.

the secondary identification code server.

a data file transmitting component configured to transmit the data file to

- The system of claim 90, wherein the storing component further includes: 92. a revising component configured to configured to revise an old identification file in the lookup table with a revised identification file.
- The system of claim 90, wherein the identification code is an ID tag. 93.
- The system of claim 90, wherein the file identification code is an ID tag. 94.
- The system of claim 90, wherein the file postal code is a POSTNET code. 95.
- The system of claim 90, wherein the service area table contains a plurality of 96. postal codes corresponding to the secondary identification code server.
- The system of claim 90, wherein the secondary identification code server is a 97. SICS server.

98. The system of claim 90, further comprising:

a delete file message receiving component configured to receive a delete file message from the mail processing device indicating an identification file to be deleted; and

a deleting component configured to delete the identification file to be deleted from the lookup table in response to the delete file message.

99. The system of claim 90, wherein the resolving component further includes:

a connecting component configured to connect to the mail processing device via a telecommunications link;

a test data receiving component configured to receive test data from the mail processing device; and

a confirming component configured to confirm the test data.

100. The system of claim 99, wherein the test data consists of nineteen test mailpiece identification codes.

101. The system of claim 90, wherein the identification information transmitting component further comprises:

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found in the lookup table.

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102. The system of claim 90, wherein the identification information transmitting component further comprises:

an identification file transmitting component configured to transmit the

identification file corresponding to the identification code, if the identification code is

a file postal code transmitting component configured to transmit the file postal code corresponding to the identification code, if the identification code is found in the lookup table.

103. The system of claim 90, wherein the identification information transmitting component further comprises:

an error message transmitting component configured to transmit an error message to the mail processing device, if the identification code is not found in the lookup table.

- 104. The system of claim 90, wherein the data file is a SICS_ZIP data file.
- 105. The system of claim 90, wherein the identification file further includes an image capture time.

106. The system of claim 105, wherein the identification file further includes a plurality of status bits that indicate aspects of the identification file.

107. The system of claim 90, wherein the updating component operates at a predetermined time interval.

108. The system of claim 107, wherein the predetermined time interval is twenty minutes.

- 109. The system of claim 90, wherein the updating component operates when a predetermined number of identification files have been received.
- 110. The system of claim 109, wherein the predetermined number of identification files is twenty thousand.
- 111. A system for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, comprising:

means for receiving an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece from an image control unit, wherein the identification file contains a file identification code and a file postal code;

means for storing the identification file in a lookup table;

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means for maintaining a service area table database with a service area table for a secondary identification code server;

means for resolving mailpiece information for the mailpiece, wherein the resolving means further comprises:

means for receiving an identification code from a mail processing device, where the mail processing device obtains the identification code from the mailpiece;

means for processing the identification code to determine the identification information, using the identification file corresponding to the identification code; and

means for transmitting the identification information to the mail processing device; and

means for updating the secondary identification code server, wherein the updating means further comprises:

means for generating the data file using the service area table corresponding to the secondary identification code server to identify identification files in the lookup table; and

means for transmitting the data file to the secondary identification code server.

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112. A computer usable medium having computer readable code embodied therein for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, the computer readable code comprising:

an identification file receiving module configured to receive an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece from an image control unit, wherein the identification file contains a file identification code and a file postal code;

a storing module configured to store the identification file in a lookup table;

a maintaining module configured to maintain a service area table database with a service area table for a secondary identification code server;

a resolving module configured to mailpiece information for the mailpiece, wherein the resolving module further comprises:

an identification code receiving module configured to receive an identification code from a mail processing device, where the mail processing device obtains the identification code from the mailpiece;

a processing module configured to process the identification code to determine the identification information, using the identification file corresponding to the identification code; and

an identification information transmitting module configured to transmit the identification information to the mail processing device; and

an updating rnodule configured to update the secondary identification code server, wherein the updating module further comprises:

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a generating module configured to generate the data file using the service area table corresponding to the secondary identification code server to identify identification files in the lookup table; and

a data file transmitting module configured to transmit the data file to the secondary identification code server.

113. A method of processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, comprising the steps of:

receiving an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece from an image control unit, wherein the identification file contains a file identification code and a file postal code;

storing the identification file in a lookup table; and resolving mailpiece information for the mailpiece, wherein the resolving step further comprises the substeps of:

receiving an identification code from a mail processing device, where the mail processing device obtains the identification code from the mailpiece;

processing the identification code to determine the identification information, using the identification file corresponding to the identification code; and transmitting the identification information to the mail processing device.

The method of claim 113, wherein the mail processing device is a bar code sorter.

The method of claim 113, wherein the storing step further comprises: 115. revising an old identification file in the lookup table with a revised identification file.

- The method of claim 113, wherein the identification code is an ID tag.
- The method of claim 113, wherein the file identification code is an ID tag.
- The method of claim 113, wherein the file postal code is a POSTNET code. 118.
- The method of claim 113, further comprising the steps of: 119. receiving a delete file message from the mail processing device indicating an identification file to be deleted; and

deleting the identification file to be deleted from the lookup table in response to the delete file message.

The method of claim 113, wherein the resolving step further comprises the 120. substeps of:

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connecting to the mail processing device via a telecommunications link; receiving test data from the mail processing device; and confirming the test data.

The method of claim 120, wherein the test data consists of nineteen test 121. mailpiece identification codes.

The method of claim 113, wherein the identification information transmitting step further comprises the substep of:

transmitting the identification file corresponding to the identification code, if the identification code is found in the lookup table.

The method of claim 113, wherein the identification information transmitting step further comprises the substep of:

transmitting the file postal code corresponding to the identification code, if the identification code is found in the lookup table.

The method of claim 113, wherein the identification information transmitting step further comprises the substep of:

transmitting an error message to the mail processing device, if the identification code is not found in the lookup table.

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125.

capture time.

server, comprising:

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The method of claim 125, wherein the identification file further includes a plurality 126.

The method of claim 113, wherein the identification file further includes an image

A system for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code

of status bits that indicate aspects of the identification file.

an identification file receiving component configured to receive an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece from an image control unit, wherein the identification file contains a file identification code and a file postal code.

a storing component configured to store the identification file in a lookup table; and

a resolving component configured to resolve mailpiece information for the mailpiece, wherein the resolving component further comprises:

an identification code receiving component configured to receive an identification code from a mail processing device, where the mail processing device obtains the identification code from the mailpiece;

a processing component configured to process the identification code to determine the identification information, using the identification file corresponding to the identification code; and

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an identification information transmitting component configured to transmit the identification information to the mail processing device.

- The system of claim 127, wherein the mail processing device is a bar code 128. sorter.
- The system of claim 127, wherein the storing component further comprises: 129. a revising component configured to revise an old identification file in the lookup table with a revised identification file.
- The system of claim 127, wherein the identification code is an ID tag. 130.
- The system of claim 127, wherein the file identification code is an ID tag.
- The system of claim 127, wherein the file postal code is a POSTNET code. 132.
- The system of claim 127, further comprising: 133.

a delete file message receiving component configured to receive a delete file message from the mail processing device indicating an identification file to be deleted; and

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a deleting component configured to the identification file to be deleted from the lookup table in response to the delete file message.

134. The system of claim 127, wherein the resolving component further comprises:

a connecting component configured to connect to the mail processing device via
a telecommunications link;

a test data receiving component configured to receive test data from the mail processing device; and

a confirming component configured to confirm the test data.

- 135. The system of claim 134, wherein the test data consists of nineteen test mailpiece identification codes.
- 136. The system of claim 127, wherein the identification information transmitting component further comprises:

an identification file transmitting component configured to transmit the identification file corresponding to the identification code, if the identification code is found in the lookup table.

137. The system of claim 127, wherein the identification information transmitting component further comprises:

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a file postal code transmitting component configured to transmit the file postal code corresponding to the identification code, if the identification code is found in the lookup table.

138. The system of claim 127, wherein the identification information transmitting component further comprises:

an error message transmitting component configured to transmit an error message to the mail processing device, if the identification code is not found in the lookup table.

- 139. The system of claim 127, wherein the identification file further includes an image capture time.
- 140. The system of claim 127, wherein the identification file further includes a plurality of status bits that indicate aspects of the identification file.
- 141. A system for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, comprising:

means for receiving an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece from an image control unit, wherein the identification file contains a file identification code and a file postal code.

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means for storing the identification file in a lookup table; and means for resolving mailpiece information for the mailpiece, wherein the resolving means further comprises:

means for receiving an identification code from a mail processing device, where the mail processing device obtains the identification code from the mailpiece;

means for processing the identification code to determine the identification information, using the identification file corresponding to the identification code; and

means for transmitting the identification information to the mail processing device.

142. A computer usable medium having computer readable code embodied therein for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, the computer readable code comprising:

an identification file receiving module configured to receive an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece from an image control unit, wherein the identification file contains a file identification code and a file postal code.

a storing module configured to store the identification file in a lookup table; and a resolving module configured to resolve mailpiece information for the mailpiece, wherein the resolving module further comprises:

an identification code receiving module configured to receive an identification code from a mail processing device, where the mail processing device obtains the identification code from the mailpiece;

a processing module configured to the identification code to determine the identification information, using the identification file corresponding to the identification code; and

an identification information transmitting module configured to transmit the identification information to the mail processing device.

143. A method of processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, comprising the steps of:

receiving an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece from an image control unit, wherein the identification file contains a file identification code and a file postal code;

storing the identification file in a lookup table;

maintaining a service area table database with a service area table for a secondary identification code server; and

updating the secondary identification code server, wherein the updating step further comprises the substeps of:

generating the data file using the service area table corresponding to the secondary identification code server to identify identification files in the lookup table;

and

transmitting the data file to the secondary identification code server.

The method of claim 143, wherein the mail processing device is a bar code

sorter.

The method of claim 143, wherein the storing step further comprises: 145.

revising an old identification file in the lookup table with a revised identification

file.

146. The method of claim 143, wherein the file identification code is an ID tag.

The method of claim 143, wherein the file postal code is a POSTNET code. 147.

The method of claim 143, wherein the secondary identification code server is a

SICS server.

The method of claim 143, wherein the data file is a SICS ZIP data file. 149.

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151. The method of claim 143, wherein the identification file further includes an image capture time.

- 152. The method of claim 151, wherein the identification file further includes a plurality of status bits that indicate aspects of the identification file.
- 153. The method of claim 143, wherein the updating step occurs at a predetermined time interval.
- 154. The method of claim 153, wherein the predetermined time interval is twenty minutes.
- 155. The method of claim 143, wherein the updating step occurs when a predetermined number of identification files have been received.
- 156. The method of claim 155, wherein the predetermined number of identification files is twenty thousand.

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157. A system for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, comprising:

an identification file receiving component configured to receive an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece from an image control unit, wherein the identification file contains a file identification code and a file postal code;

a storing component configured to store the identification file in a lookup table; a maintaining component configured to maintain a service area table database with a service area table for a secondary identification code server; and

an updating component configured to update the secondary identification code server, wherein the updating component further comprises:

a generating component configured to generate the data file using the service area table corresponding to the secondary identification code server to identify identification files in the lookup table; and

a transmitting component configured to transmit the data file to the secondary identification code server.

- 158. The system of claim 157, wherein the mail processing device is a bar code sorter.
- 159. The system of claim 157, wherein the storing component further comprises:

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160. The system of claim 157, wherein the file identification code is an ID tag.

table with a revised identification file.

a revising component configured to revise an old identification file in the lookup

- 161. The system of claim 157, wherein the file postal code is a POSTNET code.
- 162. The system of claim 157, wherein the secondary identification code server is a SICS server.
- 163. The system of claim 157, wherein the data file is a SICS_ZIP data file.
- 164. The system of claim 157, wherein the service area table contains a plurality of postal codes corresponding to the secondary identification code server.
- 165. The system of claim 157, wherein the identification file further includes an image capture time.
- 166. The system of claim 157, wherein the identification file further includes a plurality of status bits that indicate aspects of the identification file.

167. The system of claim 157, wherein the updating component operates at a predetermined time interval.

168. The system of claim 167, wherein the predetermined time interval is twenty minutes.

- 169. The system of claim 157, wherein the updating component operates when a predetermined number of identification files have been received.
- 170. The system of claim 169, wherein the predetermined number of identification files is twenty thousand.
- 171. A system for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, comprising:

means for receiving an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece from an image control unit, wherein the identification file contains a file identification code and a file postal code;

means for storing the identification file in a lookup table;

means for maintaining a service area table database with a service area table for a secondary identification code server; and

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means for updating the secondary identification code server, wherein the updating means further comprises:

means for generating the data file using the service area table corresponding to the secondary identification code server to identify identification files in the lookup table; and

means for transmitting the data file to the secondary identification code server.

172. A computer usable medium having computer readable code embodied therein for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, the computer readable code comprising:

an identification file receiving module configured to receive an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece from an image control unit, wherein the identification file contains a file identification code and a file postal code;

a storing module configured to store the identification file in a lookup table;
a maintaining module configured to maintain a service area table database with
a service area table for a secondary identification code server; and

an updating module configured to update the secondary identification code server, wherein the updating module further comprises:

a generating module configured to generate the data file using the service area table corresponding to the secondary identification code server to identify identification files in the lookup table; and

a transmitting module configured to transmit the data file to the secondary identification code server.

173. A method of processing mailpiece information by a secondary identification code server, comprising the steps of:

receiving a data file from a primary identification code server, wherein the data file contains an identification file; and

resolving mailpiece information for a mailpiece using the identification file, where the mailpiece is identified by a mail processing device using an identification code.

- 174. The method of claim 173, wherein the mail processing device is a bar code sorter.
- 175. The method of claim 173, wherein the identification file contains a file identification code and a file postal code.
- 176. The method of claim 173, wherein the identification code is an ID tag.

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The method of claim 175, wherein the file identification code is an ID tag.

The method of claim 175, wherein the file postal code is a POSTNET code.

- 179. The method of claim 173, wherein the primary identification code server is a PICS server.
- 180. The method of claim 173, wherein the data file is a SICS ZIP data file.
- 181. The method of claim 175, wherein the identification file further includes an image capture time.
- 182. The method of claim 181, wherein the identification file further includes a plurality of status bits that indicate aspects of the identification file.
- 183. A system for processing mailpiece information by a secondary identification code server, comprising:
- a receiving component configured to receive a data file from a primary identification code server, wherein the data file contains an identification file; and

a resolving component configured to resolve mailpiece information for a mailpiece using the identification file, where the mailpiece is identified by a mail processing device using an identification code.

- 184. The system of claim 183, wherein the mail processing device is a bar code sorter.
- 185. The system of claim 183, wherein the identification file contains a file identification code and a file postal code.
- 186. The system of claim 183, wherein the identification code is an ID tag.
- 187. The system of claim 185, wherein the file identification code is an ID tag
- 188. The system of claim 185, wherein the file postal code is a POSTNET code.
- 189. The system of claim 183, wherein the primary identification code server is a PICS server.
- 190. The system of claim 183, wherein the data file is a SICS_ZIP data file.

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The system of claim 185, wherein the identification file further includes an image 191. capture time.

192. The system of claim 191, wherein the identification file further includes a plurality of status bits that indicate aspects of the identification file.

193. A system for processing mailpiece information by a secondary identification code server, comprising:

means for receiving a data file from a primary identification code server, wherein the data file contains an identification file; and

means for resolving mailpiece information for a mailpiece using the identification file, where the mailpiece is identified by a mail processing device using an identification code.

A computer usable medium having computer readable code embodied therein for processing mailpiece information by a secondary identification code server, the computer readable code comprising:

a receiving module configured to receive a data file from a primary identification code server, wherein the data file contains an identification file; and

a resolving module configured to resolve mailpiece information for a mailpiece using the identification file, where the mailpiece is identified by a mail processing device using an identification code.

A method of processing mailpiece information by a secondary identification code server, comprising the steps of:

receiving the data file from the primary identification code server, wherein the data file contains an identification file having a file identification code and a file postal code; and

resolving mailpiece information for a mailpiece, wherein the resolving step further comprises the substeps of:

receiving an identification code from a mail processing device, where the mail processing device obtains the identification code from the mailpiece;

processing the identification code to determine the identification information, using the identification file corresponding to the identification code; and transmitting the identification information to the mail processing device.

196. The method of claim 195, wherein the mail processing device is a bar code sorter.

197. The method of claim 195, wherein the identification code is an ID tag.

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- 198. The method of claim 195, wherein the file identification code is an ID tag.
- 199. The method of claim 195, wherein the file postal code is a POSTNET code.
- 200. The method of claim 195, wherein the resolving step further comprises the substeps of:
 connecting to the mail processing device via a telecommunications link;
 receiving test data from the mail processing device; and
 confirming the test data.
- 201. The method of claim 200, wherein the test data consists of nineteen test mailpiece identification codes.
- 202. The method of claim 195, wherein the transmitting step further comprises the substep of:

transmitting the identification file corresponding to the identification code to the mail processing device, if the identification code is found in the data file.

203. The method of claim 195, wherein the transmitting step further comprises the substep of:

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transmitting the file postal code corresponding to the identification code to the mail processing device, if the identification code is found in the data file.

204. The method of claim 195, wherein the transmitting step further comprises the substep of:

transmitting a message to the mail processing device, if the identification code is not found in the data file.

- 205. The method of claim 195, wherein the primary identification code server is a PICS server.
- 206. The method of claim 195, wherein the data file is a SICS_ZIP data file.
- 207. The method of claim 195, wherein the data file contains a plurality of identification files, each having a file identification code, a file postal code, and a file image capture time.
- 208. The method of claim 195, wherein the identification file further includes an image capture time.

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209. The method of claim 195, wherein the identification file further includes a plurality of status bits that indicate aspects of the identification file.

210. A system for processing mailpiece information by a secondary identification code server, comprising:

a data file receiving component configured to receive the data file from the primary identification code server, wherein the data file contains an identification file having a file identification code and a file postal code; and

a resolving component configured to resolve mailpiece information for a mailpiece, wherein the resolving component further comprises:

an identification code receiving component configured to receive an identification code from a mail processing device, where the mail processing device obtains the identification code from the mailpiece;

a processing component configured to process the identification code to determine the identification information, using the identification file corresponding to the identification code; and

an identification information transmitting component configured to transmit the identification information to the mail processing device.

211. The system of claim 210, wherein the mail processing device is a bar code sorter.

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- 212. The system of claim 210, wherein the identification code is an ID tag.
- 213. The system of claim 210, wherein the file identification code is an ID tag.
- 214. The system of claim 210, wherein the file postal code is a POSTNET code.
- 215. The system of claim 210, wherein the resolving component further comprises:

 a connecting component configured to connect to the mail processing device via
 a telecommunications link;

a test data receiving component configured to receive test data from the mail processing device; and

- a confirming component configured to confirm the test data.
- 216. The system of claim 215, wherein the test data consists of nineteen test mailpiece identification codes.
- 217. The system of claim 210, wherein the transmitting component further comprises: an identification file transmitting component configured to transmit the identification file corresponding to the identification code to the mail processing device, if the identification code is found in the data file.

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218. The system of claim 210, wherein the transmitting component further comprises: a file postal code transmitting component configured to transmit the file postal code corresponding to the identification code to the mail processing device, if the identification code is found in the data file.

- The system of claim 210, wherein the transmitting component further comprises: 219.
- a message transmitting component configured to transmit a message to the mail processing device, if the identification code is not found in the data file.
- 220. The system of claim 210, wherein the primary identification code server is a PICS server.
- 221. The system of claim 210, wherein the data file is a SICS ZIP data file.
- The system of claim 210, wherein the data file contains a plurality of 222. identification files, each having a file identification code, a file postal code, and a file image capture time.
- The system of claim 210, wherein the identification file further includes an image capture time.

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224. The system of claim 210, wherein the identification file further includes a plurality of status bits that indicate aspects of the identification file.

A system for processing mailpiece information by a secondary identification code server, comprising:

means for receiving the data file from the primary identification code server, wherein the data file contains an identification file having a file identification code and a file postal code; and

means for resolving mailpiece information for a mailpiece, wherein the resolving means further comprises:

means for receiving an identification code from a mail processing device, where the mail processing device obtains the identification code from the mailpiece;

means for processing the identification code to determine the identification information, using the identification file corresponding to the identification code; and

means for transmitting the identification information to the mail processing device.

226. A computer usable medium having computer readable code embodied therein for processing mailpiece information by a secondary identification code server, the computer readable code comprising:

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a data file receiving module configured to receive the data file from the primary identification code server, wherein the data file contains an identification file having a file identification code and a file postal code; and

a resolving module configured to resolve mailpiece information for a mailpiece, wherein the resolving module further comprises:

an identification code receiving module configured to receive an identification code from a mail processing device, where the mail processing device obtains the identification code from the mailpiece;

a processing module configured to process the identification code to determine the identification information, using the identification file corresponding to the identification code; and

an identification information transmitting module configured to transmit the identification information to the mail processing device.

227. A method of processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, comprising the steps of:

receiving an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece from an Electronic Post Office wherein the identification file contains an identification code and a postal code; and

resolving mailpiece information for a mail processing device, using the identification file.

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- The method of claim 227, wherein the mail processing device is a bar code 228. sorter.
- 229. The method of claim 227, wherein the identification code is an ID tag.
- The method of claim 227, wherein the postal code is a POSTNET code.
- The method of claim 227, further comprising the step of: 231. sending a local service area table file to the Electronic Post Office.
- The method of claim 231, wherein the identification file relates to the local 232. service area table file.
- 233. A system for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, comprising:

a receiving component configured to receive an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece from an Electronic Post Office wherein the identification file contains an identification code and a postal code; and

a resolving component configured to resolve mailpiece information for a mail processing device, using the identification file.

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234. The system of claim 233, wherein the mail processing device is a bar code sorter.

- 235. The system of claim 233, wherein the identification code is an ID tag.
- 236. The system of claim 233, wherein the postal code is a POSTNET code.
- 237. The system of claim 233, further comprising:

a sending component configured to send a local service area table file to the Electronic Post Office.

- 238. The system of claim 237, wherein the identification file relates to the local service area table file.
- 239. A system for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, comprising:

means for receiving an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece from an Electronic Post Office wherein the identification file contains an identification code and a postal code; and

means for resolving mailpiece information for a mail processing device, using the identification file.

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and

240. A computer usable medium having computer readable code embodied therein for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, the computer readable code comprising:

a receiving module configured to receive an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece from an Electronic Post Office wherein the identification file contains an identification code and a postal code; and

a resolving module configured to resolve mailpiece information for a mail processing device, using the identification file.

241. A method of processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, comprising the steps of:

receiving an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece from an image control unit, wherein the identification file contains a file identification code and a file postal code;

determining whether the identification file corresponds to a local service area table file;

updating an Electronic Post Office, if the identification file does not correspond to the local service area table file, wherein the updating step further comprises the substeps of:

transmitting the local service area table file to the Electronic Post Office;

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sending the identification file to the Electronic Post Office; and storing the identification file in a lookup table, if the identification file corresponds to the local service area table file.

- The method of claim 241, wherein the file identification code is an ID tag. 242.
- The method of claim 241, wherein the file postal is POSTNET code. 243.
- 244. A system for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, comprising:

a receiving component configured to receive an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece from an image control unit, wherein the identification file contains a file identification code and a file postal code;

a determining component configured to determine whether the identification file corresponds to a local service area table file;

an updating component configured to update an Electronic Post Office, if the identification file does not correspond to the local service area table file, wherein the updating component further comprises:

a transmitting component configured to transmit the local service area table file to the Electronic Post Office; and

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a sending component configured to send the identification file to the Electronic Post Office; and

a storing component configured to store the identification file in a lookup table, if the identification file corresponds to the local service area table file.

- 245. The system of claim 244, wherein the file identification code is an ID tag.
- 246. The system of claim 244, wherein the file postal is POSTNET code.
- 247. A system for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, comprising:

means for receiving an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece from an image control unit, wherein the identification file contains a file identification code and a file postal code;

means for determining whether the identification file corresponds to a local service area table file;

means for updating an Electronic Post Office, if the identification file does not correspond to the local service area table file, wherein the updating means further comprises:

means for transmitting the local service area table file to the Electronic Post Office; and

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248. A computer usable medium having computer readable code embodied therein for processing mailpiece information by a primary identification code server, the

corresponds to the local service area table file.

computer readable code comprising:

means for sending the identification file to the Electronic Post Office; and

means for storing the identification file in a lookup table, if the identification file

a receiving module configured to receive an identification file corresponding to a mailpiece from an image control unit, wherein the identification file contains a file identification code and a file postal code;

a determining module configured to determine whether the identification file corresponds to a local service area table file;

an updating module configured to update an Electronic Post Office, if the identification file does not correspond to the local service area table file, wherein the updating module further comprises:

a transmitting module configured to transmit the local service area table file to the Electronic Post Office; and

a sending module configured to send the identification file to the Electronic Post Office; and

a storing module configured to store the identification file in a lookup table, if the identification file corresponds to the local service area table file.

249. A method of processing mailpiece information by an Electronic Post Office, comprising the steps of:

server, wherein the identification file contains an identification code and a postal code;
storing the identification file in a storage buffer; and
updating a receiving primary identification code server, wherein the updating step

receiving an identification file from a transmitting primary identification code

receiving a local service area table file corresponding to the receiving primary identification code server;

further comprises the substeps of:

matching the identification file to the local service area table file;
storing the identification file in a primary identification code server table;
and

sending the primary identification code server table to the receiving primary identification code server.

250. The method of claim 249, further comprising the steps of: generating a national service area table file; and sending the national service area table file to the receiving primary identification code server.

251. The method of claim 249, wherein the identification code is an ID tag.

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252. The method of claim 249, wherein the postal code is a POSTNET code.

253. The method of claim 249, wherein the identification file further comprises an image capture time.

254. The method of claim 249, wherein the identification file further comprises a plurality of status bits that indicate aspects of the identification file.

255. A system for processing mailpiece information by an Electronic Post Office, comprising:

an identification file receiving component configured to receive an identification file from a transmitting primary identification code server, wherein the identification file contains an identification code and a postal code;

a storing component configured to store the identification file in a storage buffer; and

an updating component configured to update a receiving primary identification code server, wherein the updating component further comprises:

a local service area table file receiving component configured to receive a local service area table file corresponding to the receiving primary identification code server;

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a matching component configured to match the identification file to the local service area table file;

a storing component configured to store the identification file in a primary identification code server table; and

a primary identification code server table sending component configured to send the primary identification code server table to the receiving primary identification code server.

256. The system of claim 255, further comprising:

a generating component configured to generate a national service area table file; and

a national service area table file sending component configured to send the national service area table file to the receiving primary identification code server.

- 257. The system of claim 255, wherein the identification code is an ID tag.
- 258. The system of claim 255, wherein the postal code is a POSTNET code.
- 259. The system of claim 255, wherein the identification file further comprises an image capture time.

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260. The system of claim 255, wherein the identification file further comprises a plurality of status bits that indicate aspects of the identification file.

261. A system for processing mailpiece information by an Electronic Post Office, comprising:

means for receiving an identification file from a transmitting primary identification code server, wherein the identification file contains an identification code and a postal code;

means for storing the identification file in a storage buffer; and

means for updating a receiving primary identification code server, wherein the updating means further comprises:

means for receiving a local service area table file corresponding to the receiving primary identification code server;

means for matching the identification file to the local service area table file;

means for storing the identification file in a primary identification code server table; and

means for sending the primary identification code server table to the receiving primary identification code server.

262. A computer usable medium having computer readable code embodied therein for processing mailpiece information by an Electronic Post Office, the computer readable code comprising:

an identification file receiving module configured to receive an identification file from a transmitting primary identification code server, wherein the identification file contains an identification code and a postal code;

a storing module configured to store the identification file in a storage buffer; and an updating module configured to update a receiving primary identification code server, wherein the updating module further comprises:

a local service area table file receiving module configured to receive a local service area table file corresponding to the receiving primary identification code server;

a matching module configured to match the identification file to the local service area table file;

a storing module configured to store the identification file in a primary identification code server table; and

a primary identification code server table sending module configured to send the primary identification code server table to the receiving primary identification code server.

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VIII. Abstract

Apparatus and methods consistent with the present invention provide for processing mailpiece information in an identification code sorting system by an identification code server. In one embodiment, a primary identification code server receives an identification file containing identification information uniquely corresponding to a mailpiece. In this embodiment, the primary identification code server processes the mailpiece information and may send the identification file to a secondary identification code server. In another embodiment, a secondary identification code server receives an identification file from a primary identification code server and processes the mailpiece information.

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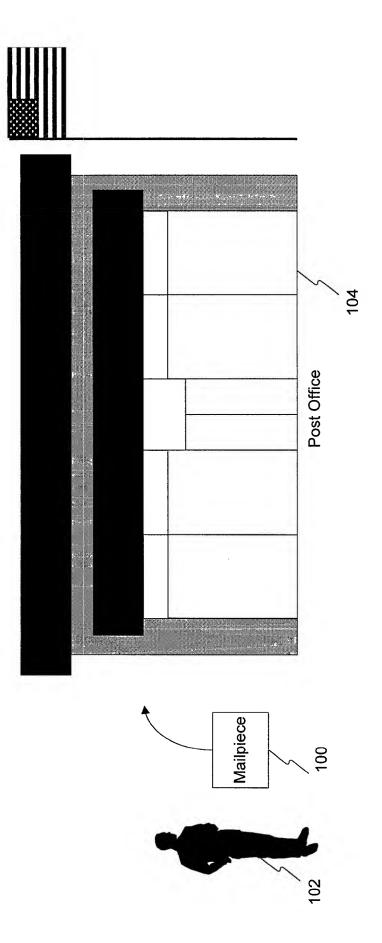


FIG. 1

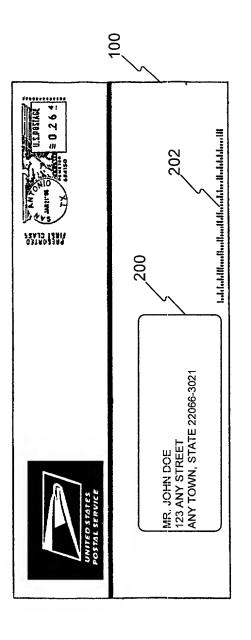


FIG. 2A

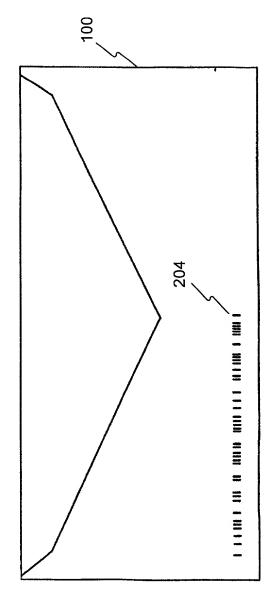
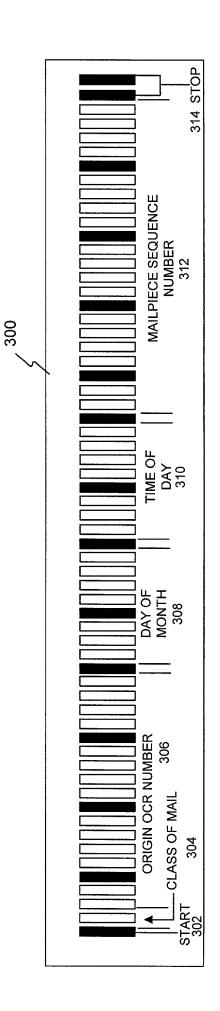


FIG. 2B



E G

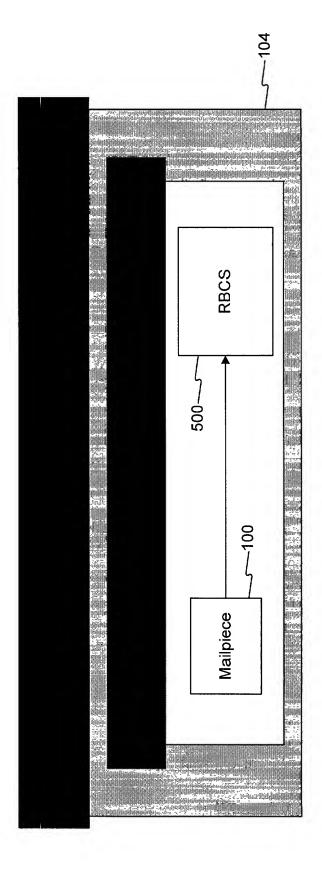


FIG. 4A

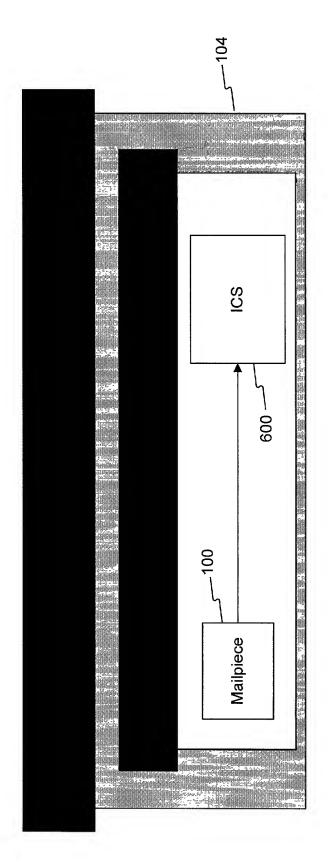


FIG.4B

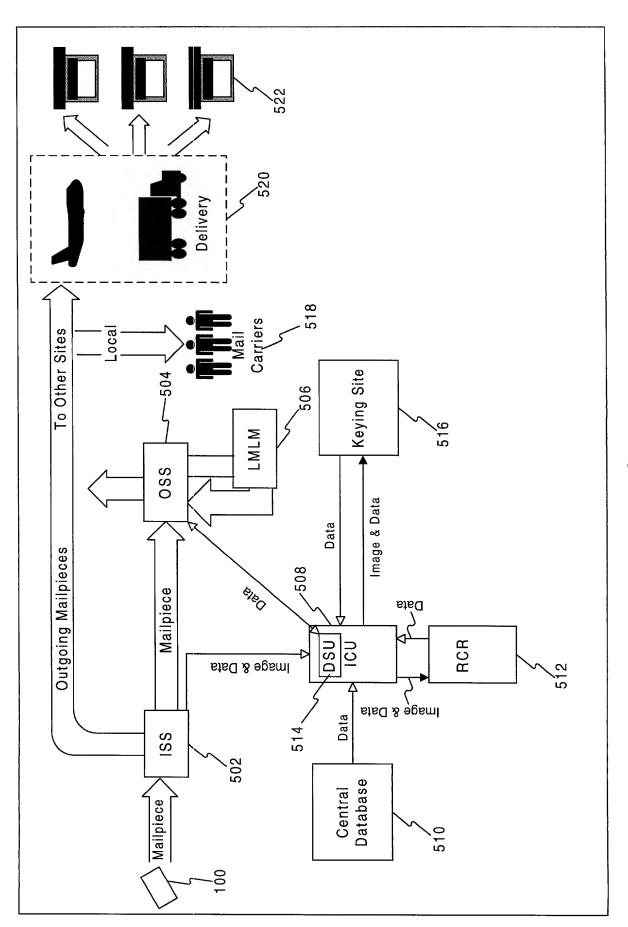


FIG. 5

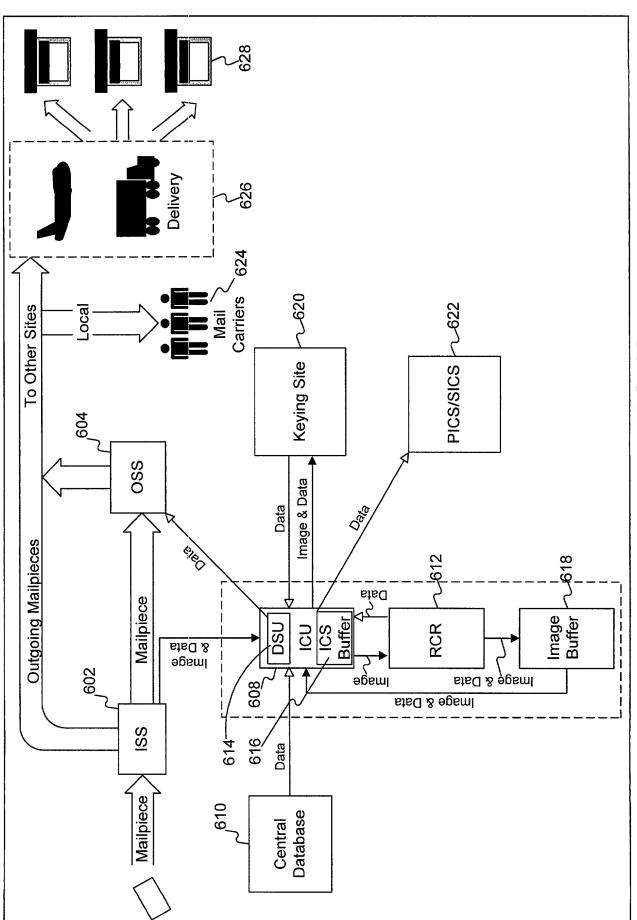


FIG. 6A

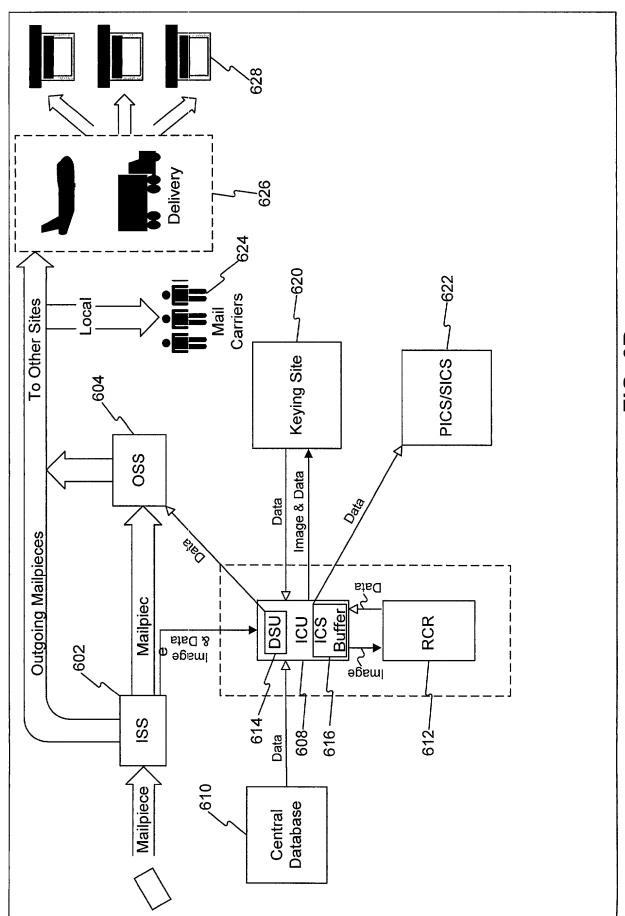


FIG. 6B

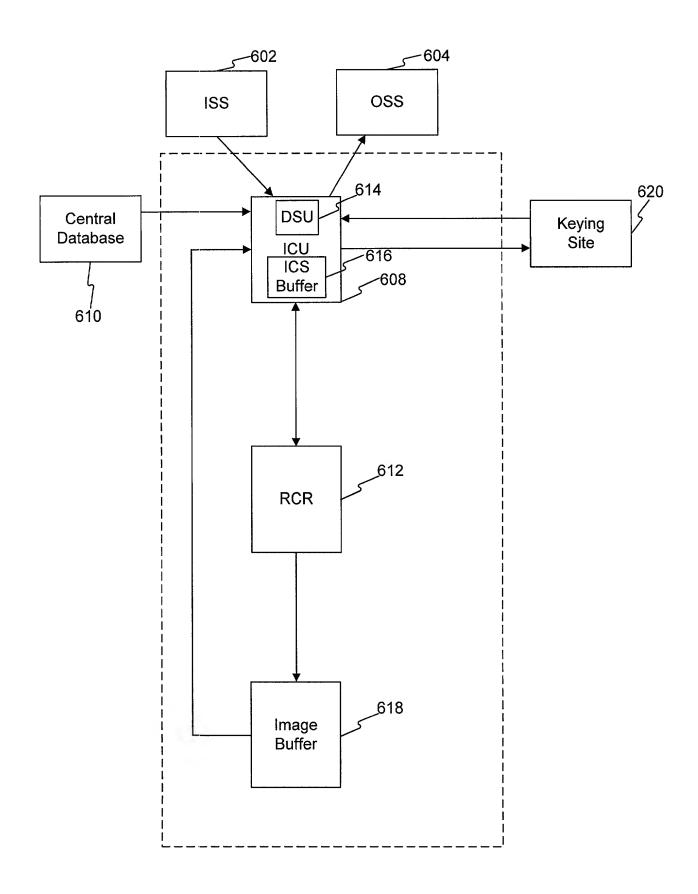


FIG. 7

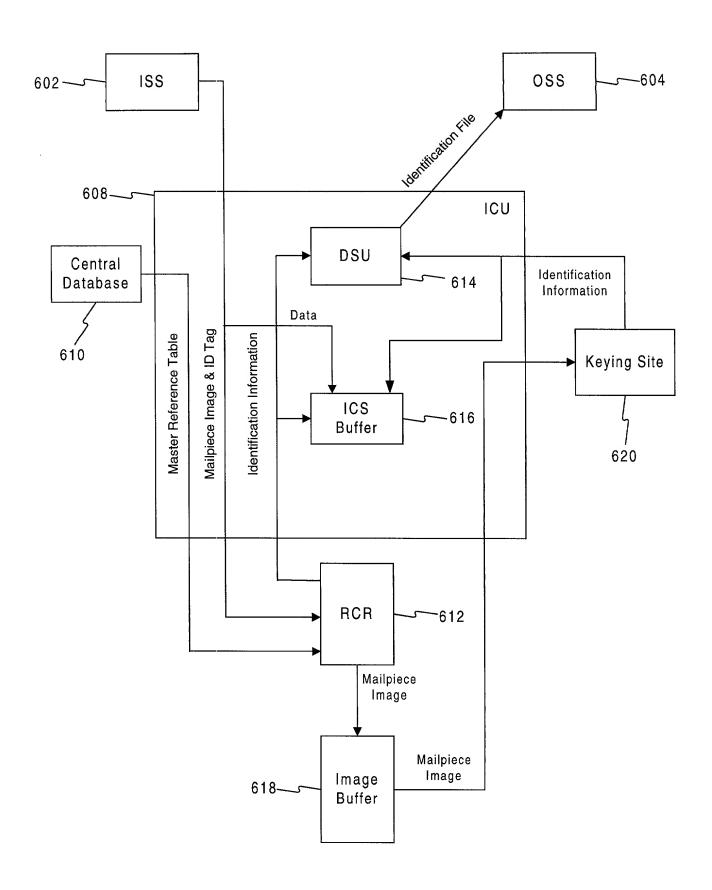


FIG. 8

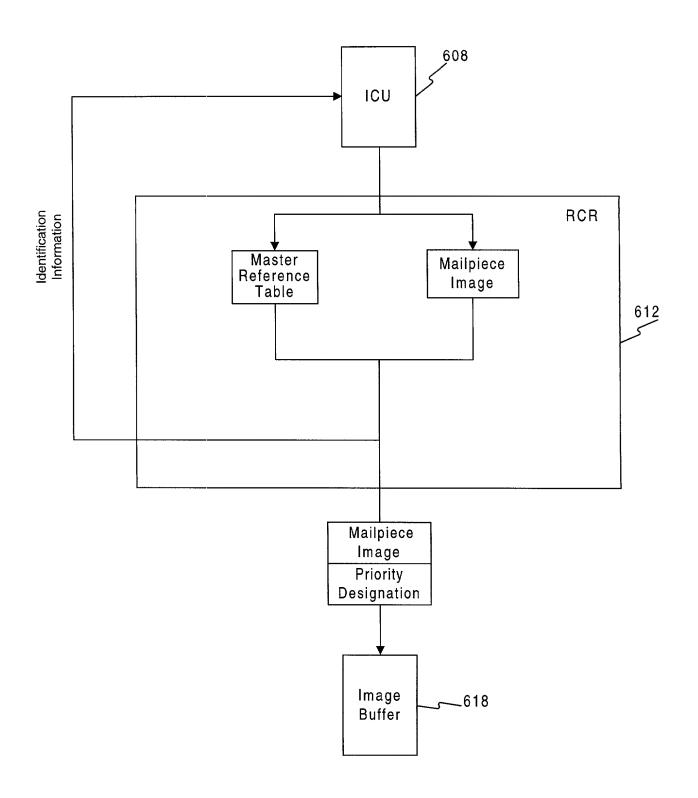


FIG. 9

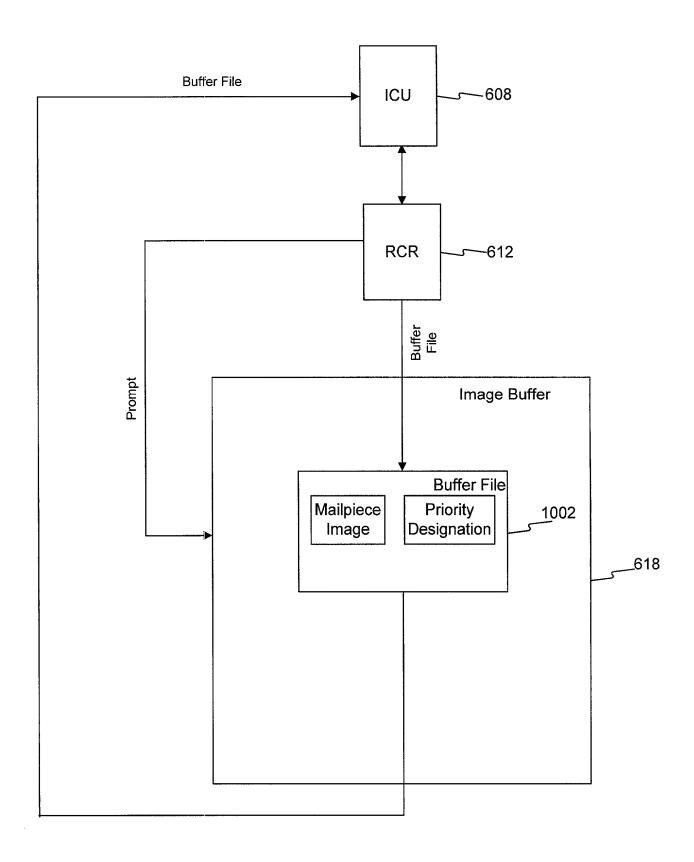


FIG. 10

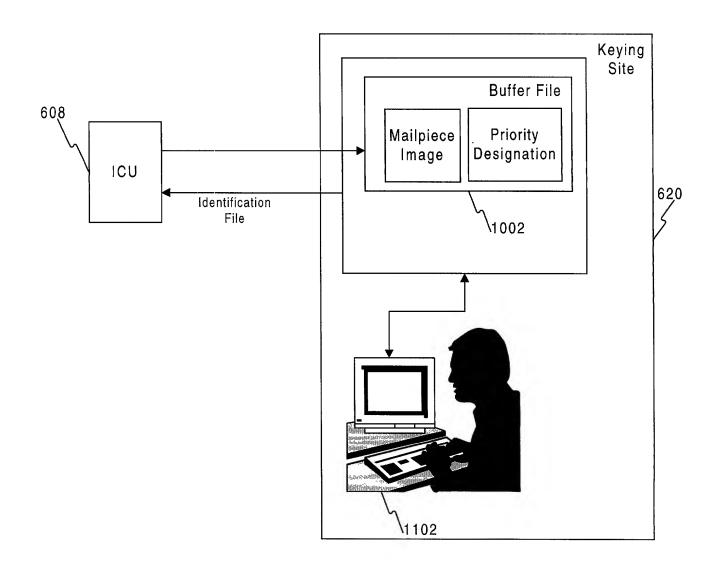


FIG. 11

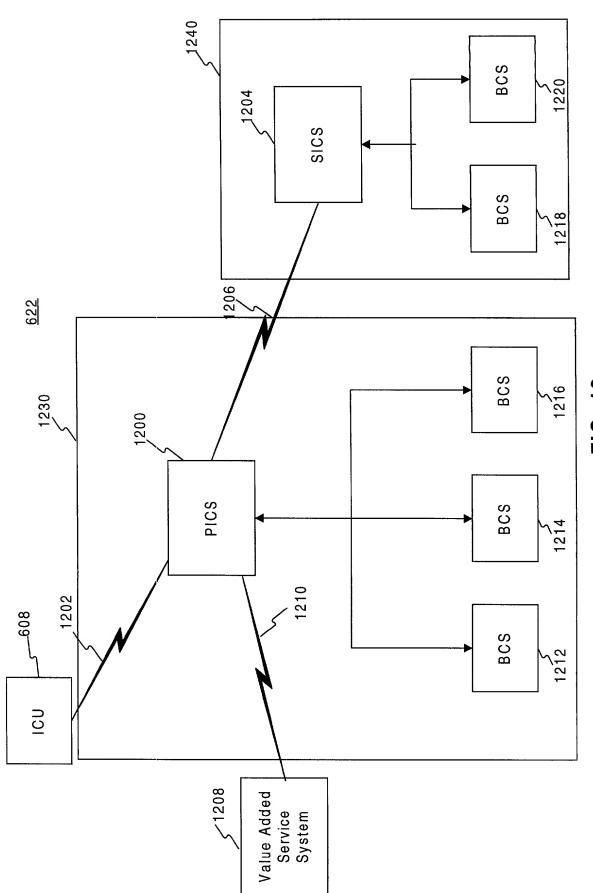
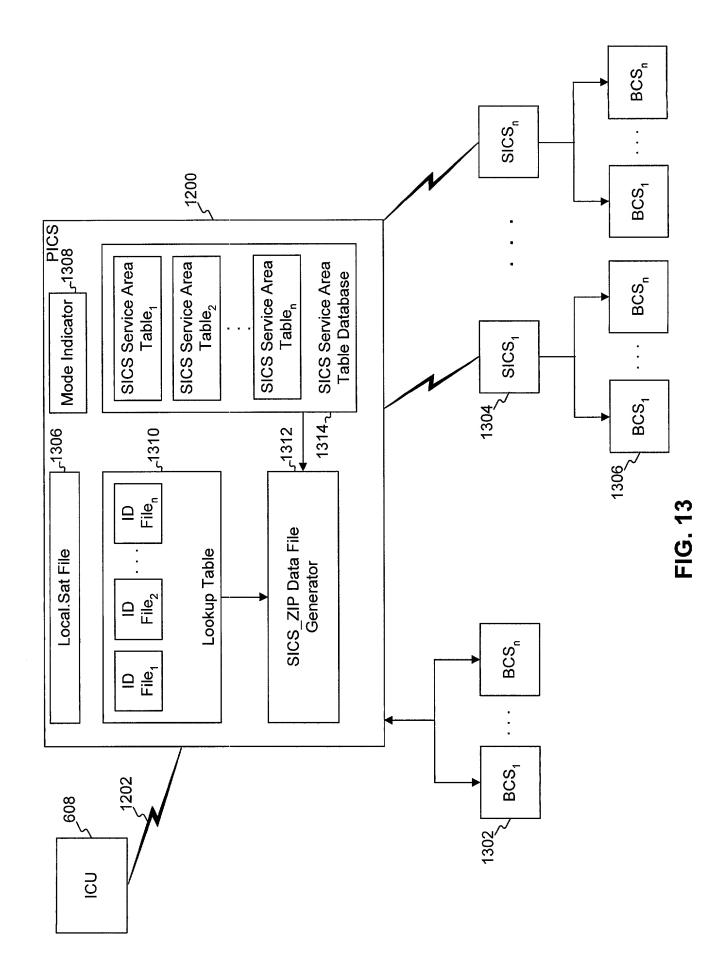
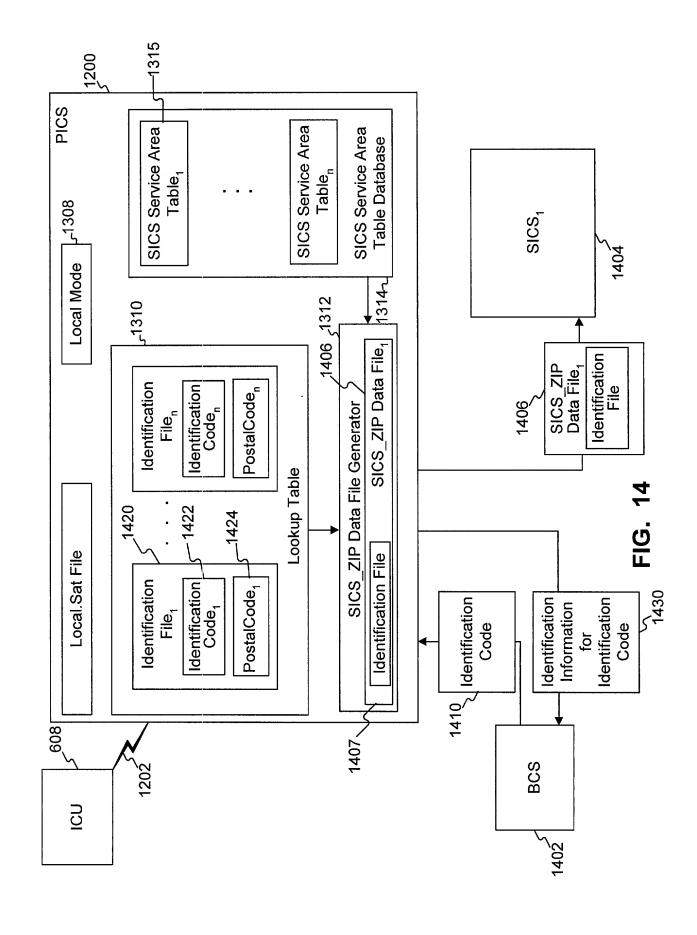


FIG. 12





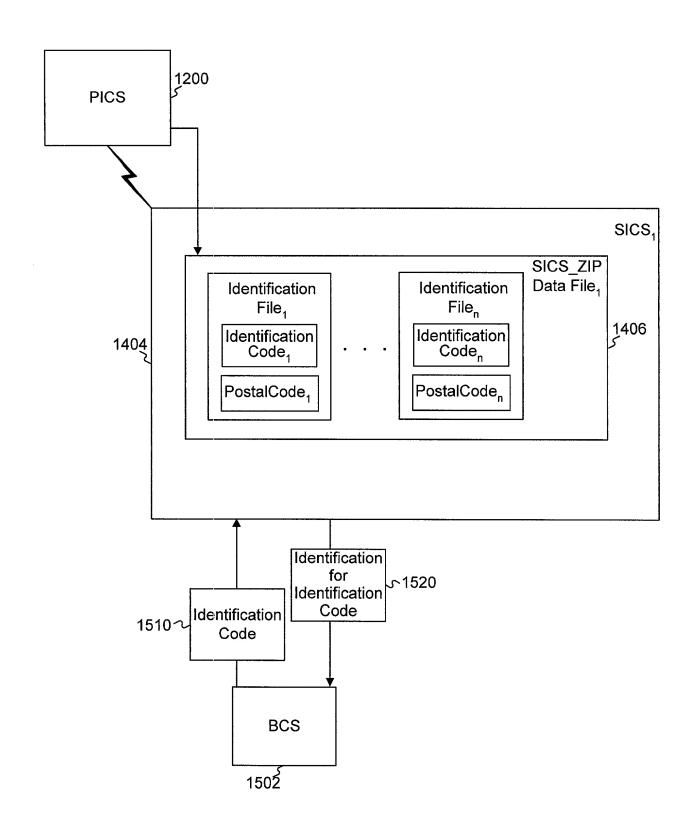
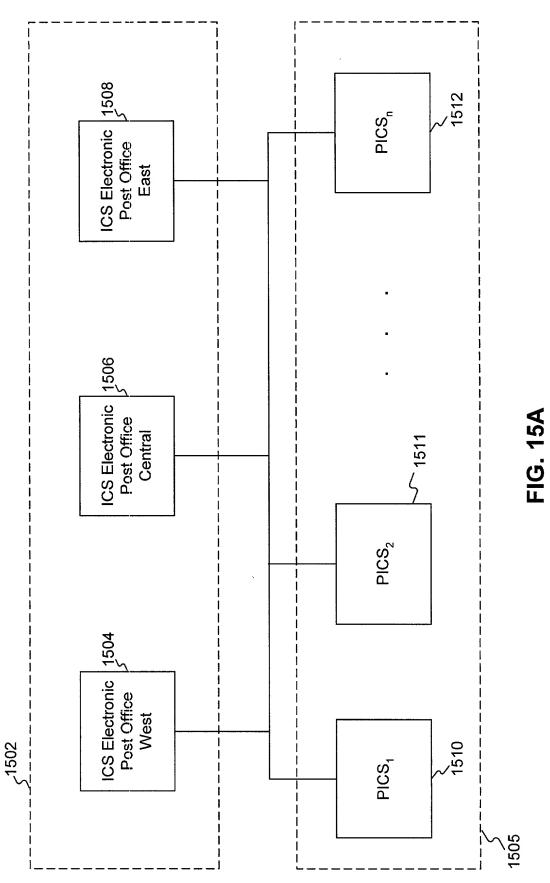
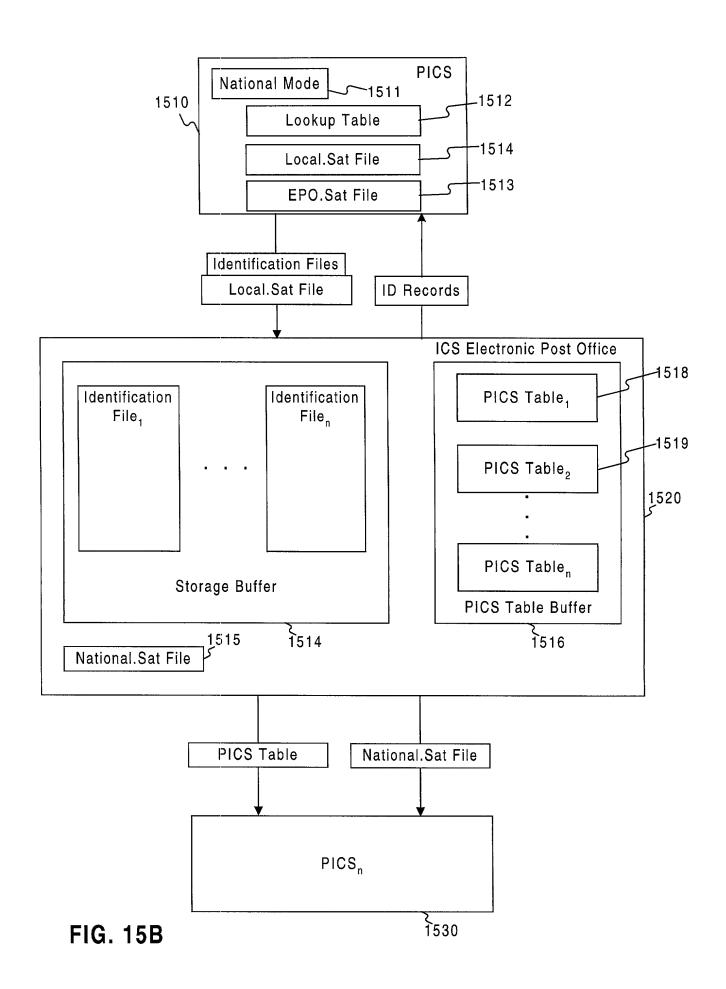


FIG. 15





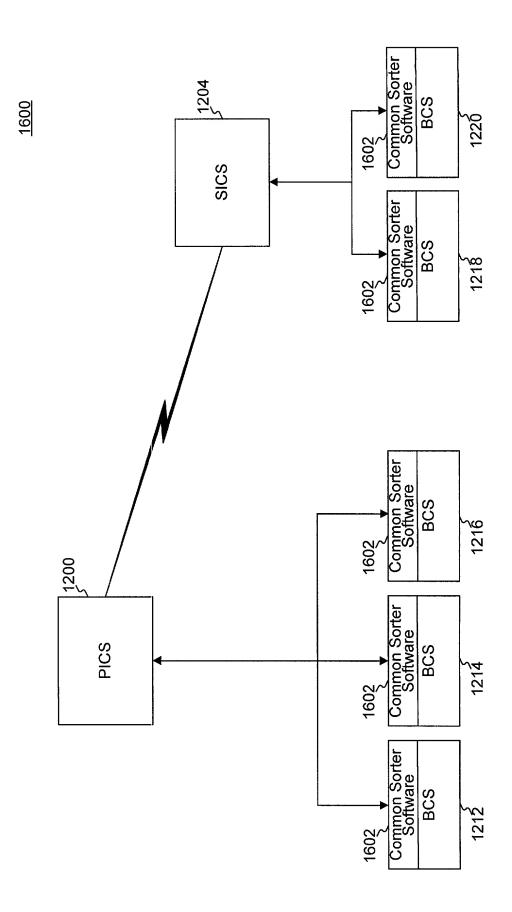


FIG. 16

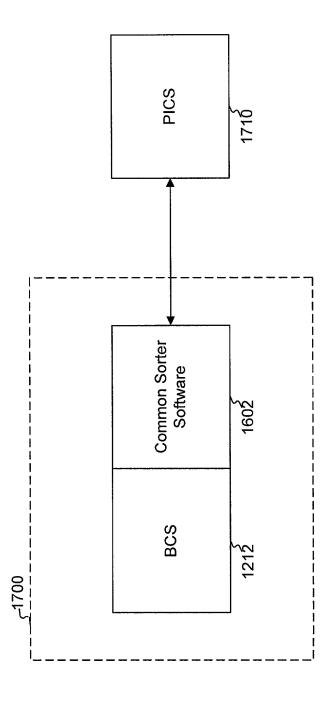
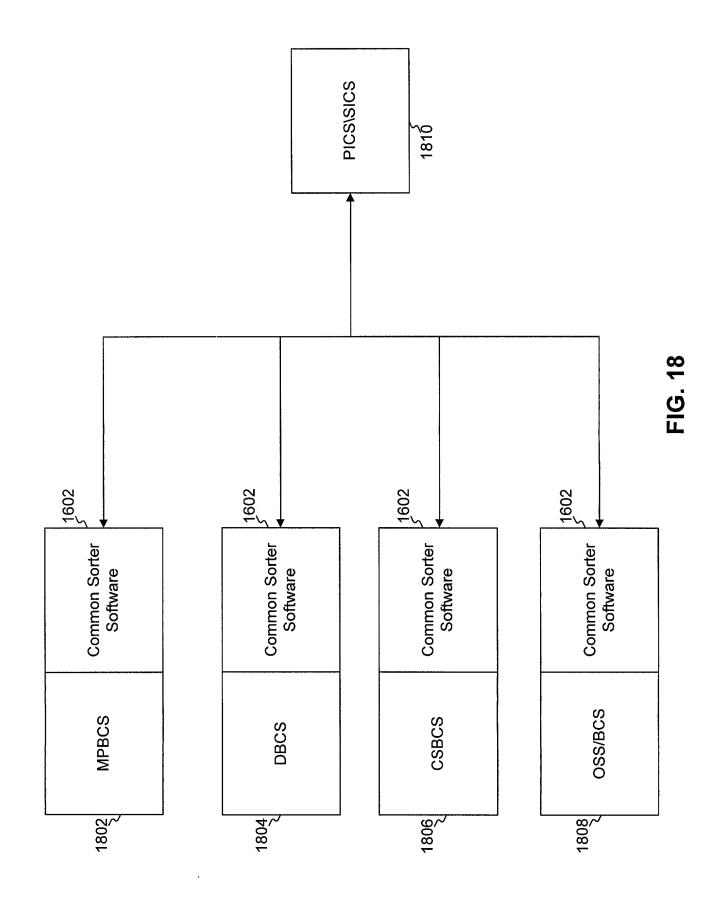


FIG. 17



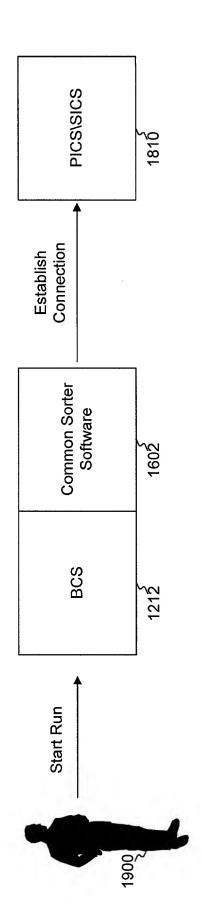


FIG. 194

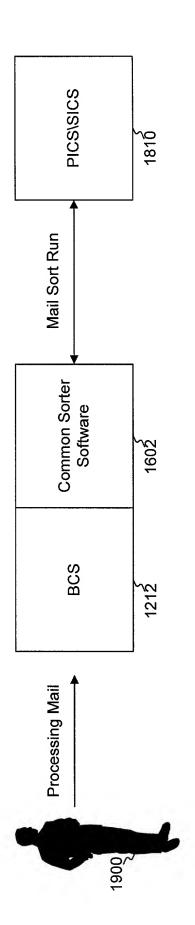


FIG. 19B

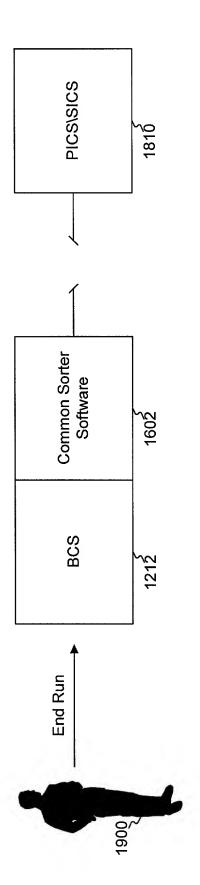


FIG. 19C

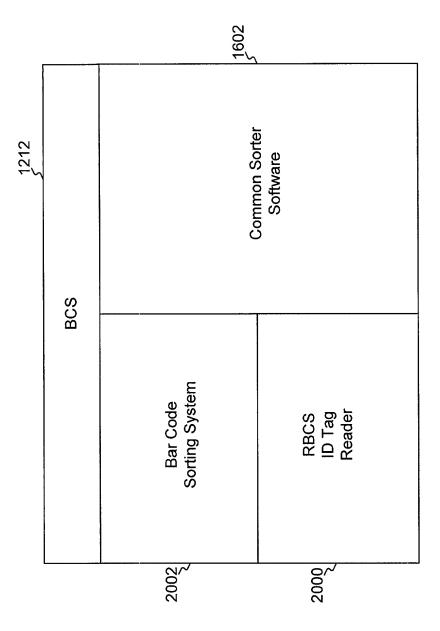


FIG. 20

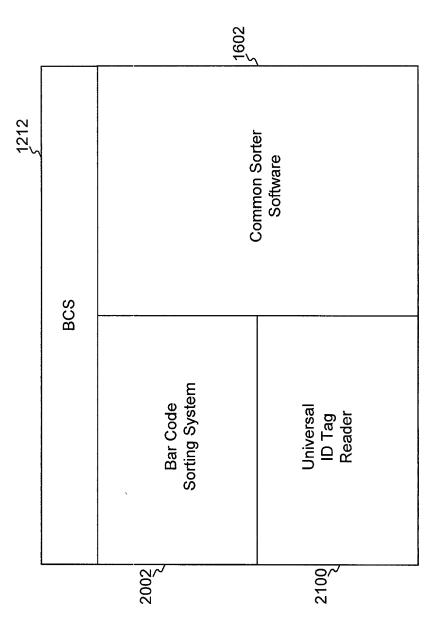


FIG. 21

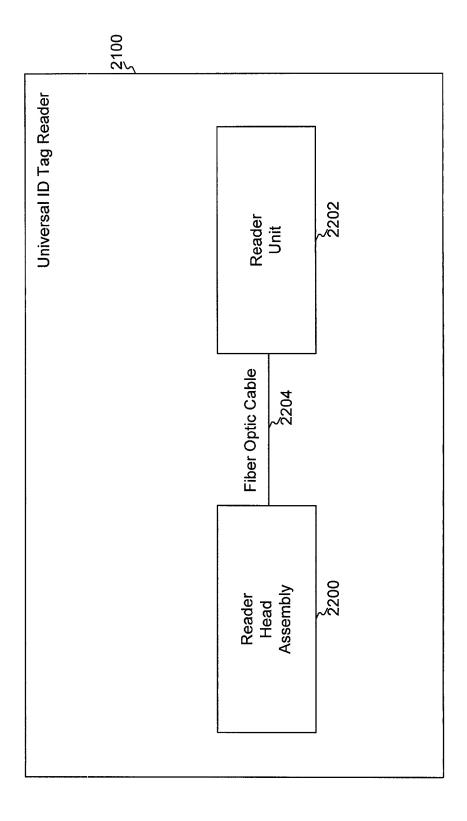


FIG. 22

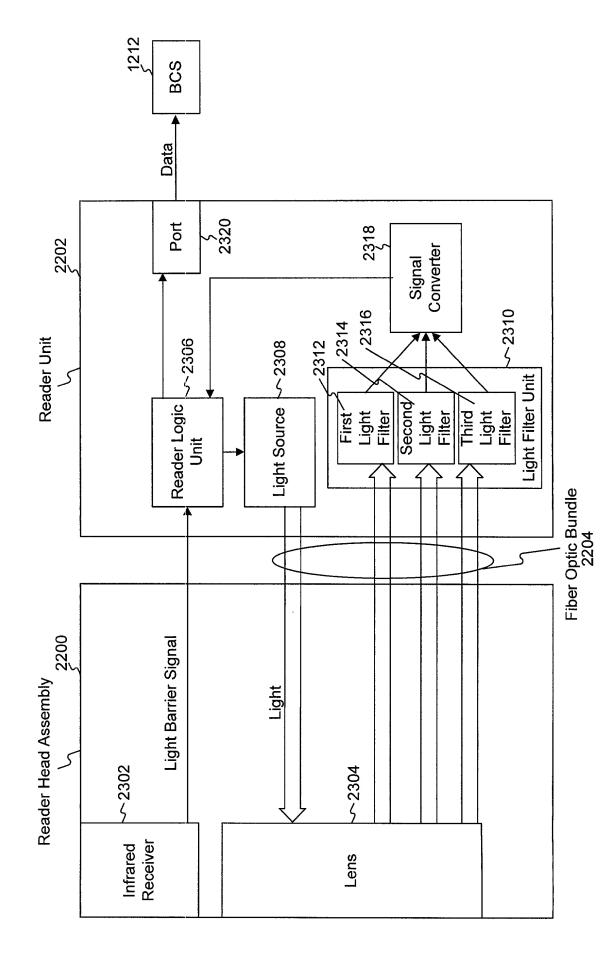


FIG. 23

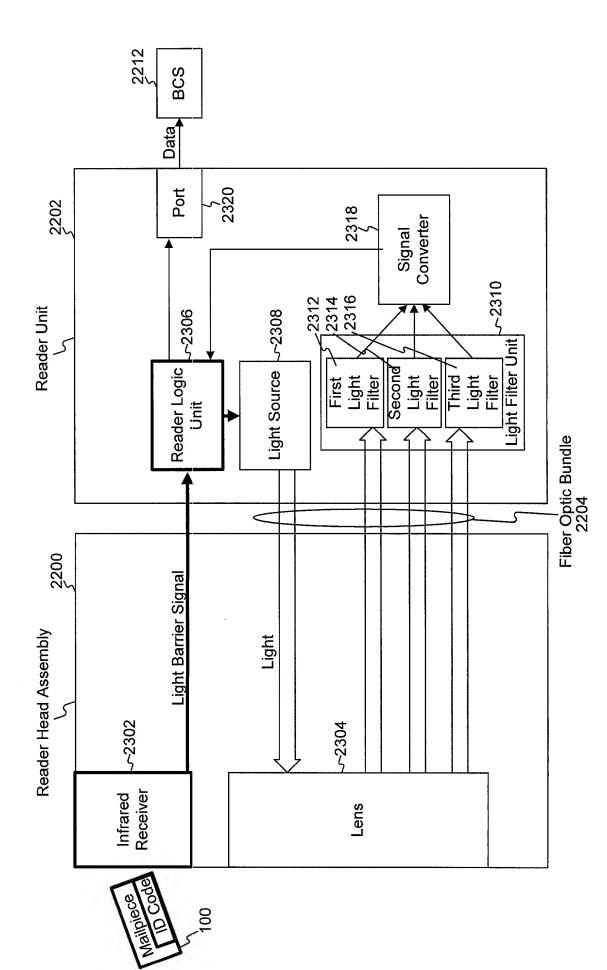


FIG. 24A

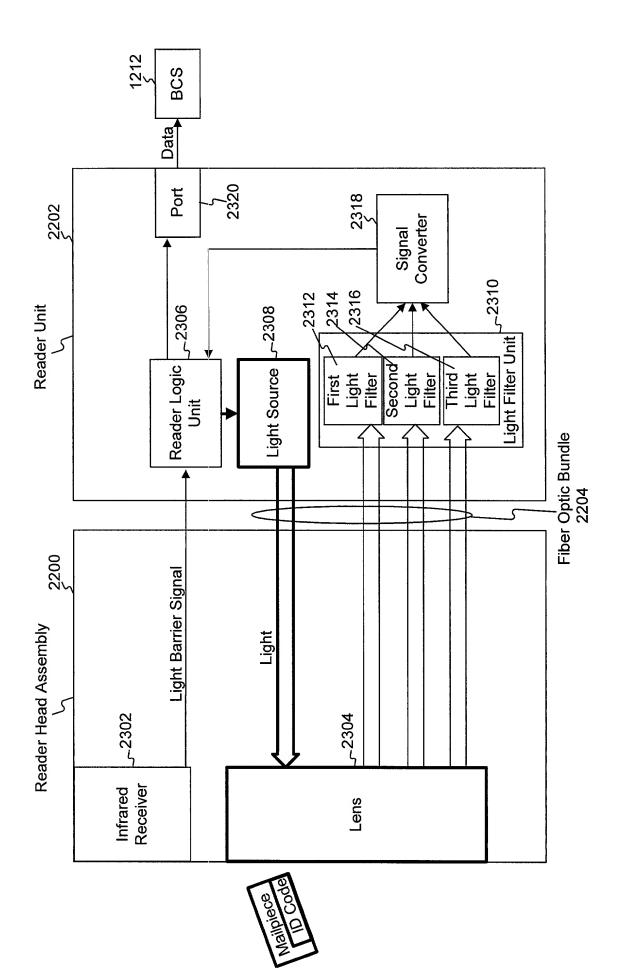


FIG. 24B

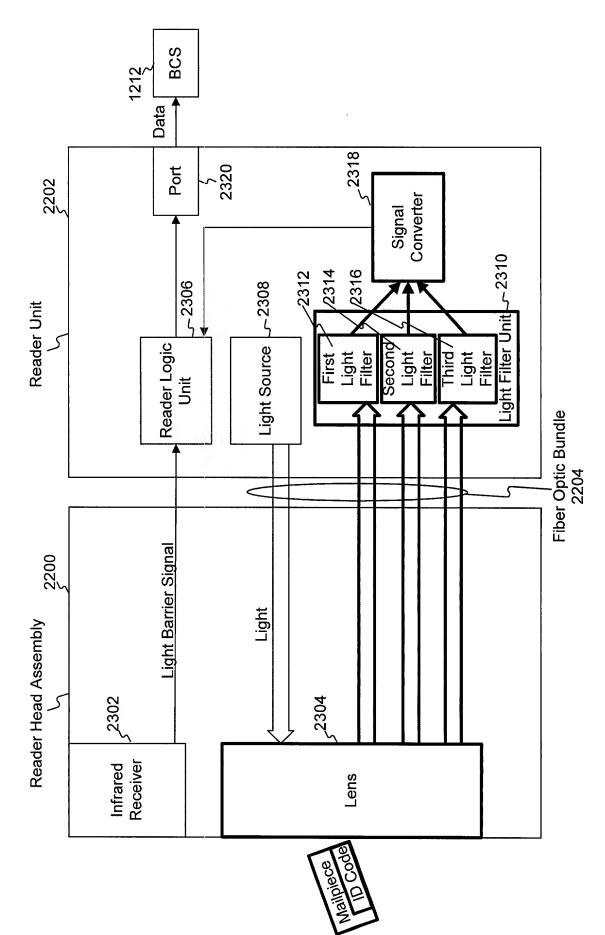


FIG. 24C

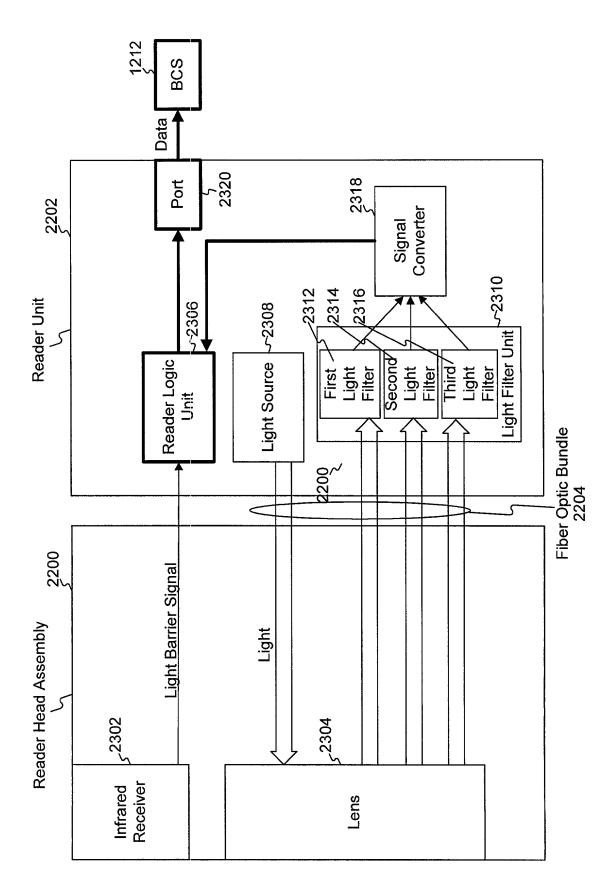


FIG. 24D

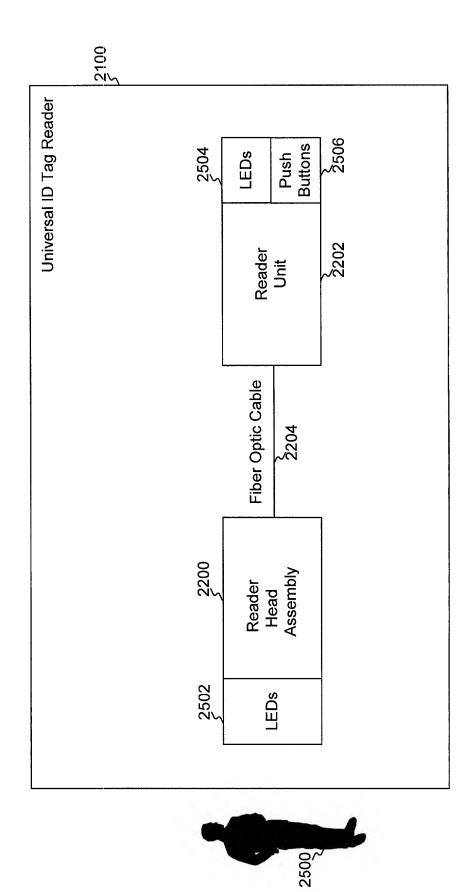


FIG. 25

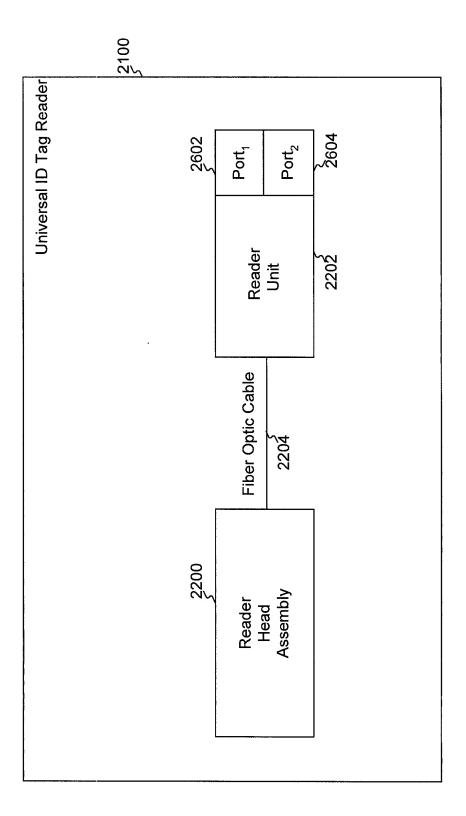


FIG. 26